अनुक्रमांक Roll No.प्रेष्ठन-पत्र कोड के उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर अवश्य लिखें ।परीक्षार्थी प्रेष्ठन-पत्र कोड को उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर अवश्य लिखें ।• कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रेशन-पत्र में मुद्रित पृष्ठ 39 हैं ।• कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रेशन-पत्र में 34 प्रेशन हैं ।• कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रेशन-पत्र में 34 प्रेशन हैं ।• वार्तिका के सुख-पृष्ठ पर लिखें ।• कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रेशन-पत्र में 34 प्रेशन हैं ।• प्रेशन-पत्र कोड को परीक्षार्थी उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर लिखें ।• कृपया प्रत्न कर लें कि इस प्रेशन-पत्र में 34 प्रशन हैं ।• प्रेशन-पत्र को दाहिने हाथ की ओर दिए गए प्रेशन-पत्र कोड को परीक्षार्थी उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर लिखें ।• कृपया प्रेशन का उत्तर लिखना शुरू करने से पहले, उत्तर-पुस्तिका में प्रश्न का क्रमांक अवश्य लिखें ।• इस प्रेश्न-पत्र को पढ़ने के लिए 15 मिनट का समय दिया गया है । प्रेशन-पत्र का वितरण पूर्वाह में 10.15 बजे किया जाएगा । 10.15 बजे से 10.30 बजे तक छात्र केवल प्रेशन-पत्र को पढ़ेंगे और इस अवधि के दौरान वे उत्तर-पुस्तिका पर कोई उत्तर नहीं लिखेंगे ।• Please check that this question paper contains 39 printed pages.• Please check that this question paper contains 39 printed pages.• Please write down the serial number of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.• Dease write down the serial number of the question in the answer-book before attempting it.• 15 minute time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the students will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-book during this period.	Series PQ2RS/2		Set – 1
Roll No. पराक्षीया प्रश्न-पत्र कोड की उत्तर-पुस्तिको के मुख-पृष्ठ पर अवश्य लिखें । • कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में मुद्रित पृष्ठ 39 हैं । Candidates must write the Q.P. Code on the title page of the answer-book. • कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में मुद्रित पृष्ठ 39 हैं । Candidates must write the Q.P. Code on the title page of the answer-book. • कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में 34 प्रश्न हैं । प्रश्न-पत्र में दाहिने हाथ की ओर दिए गए प्रश्न-पत्र कोड को परीक्षार्थी उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर लिखें । • कृपया प्रश्न का उत्तर लिखना शुरू करने से पहले, उत्तर-पुस्तिका में प्रश्न का क्रमांक अवश्य लिखें । • इस प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ने के लिए 15 मिनट का समय दिया गया है । प्रश्न-पत्र का वितरण पूर्वाढ में 10.15 बजे किया जाएगा । 10.15 बजे से 10.30 बजे तक छात्र केवल प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ेंगे और इस अवधि के दौरान वे उत्तर-पुस्तिका पर कोई उत्तर नहीं लिखेंगे । • Please check that this question paper contains 39 printed pages. • Please write down the serial number of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate. • The as been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the students will read the question paper only and will not write any			67/2/1
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	 कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में 34 प्र प्रश्न-पत्र में दाहिने हाथ की ओर दिए गए मुख-पृष्ठ पर लिखें / कृपया प्रश्न का उत्तर लिखना शुरू करने अवश्य लिखें / इस प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ने के लिए 15 मिनट पूर्वाह्न में 10.15 बजे किया जाएगा / 10.18 को पढ़ेंगे और इस अवधि के दौरान वे उत्तर-पु Please check that this question paper Please check that this question paper Q.P. Code given on the right hand written on the title page of the answe Please write down the serial numb before attempting it. 15 minute time has been allotted to paper will be distributed at 10.16 the students will read the question 	परन हैं। प्रश्न-पत्र कोड को परीक्षार्थी उत्त से पहले, उत्तर-पुस्तिका में प्रश् का समय दिया गया है। प्रश्न-प क बजे से 10.30 बजे तक छात्र वे पुस्तिका पर कोई उत्तर नहीं लिखेंगे contains 39 printed pages. contains 34 questions. side of the question paper cr-book by the candidate. ber of the question in the a read this question paper. T 5 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to n paper only and will not	न का क्रमांक मत्र का वितरण केवल प्रश्न-पत्र । • should be unswer-book he question 10.30 a.m.,

निर्धारित समय : 3 घण्टे

Time allowed : 3 hours

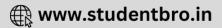
अधिकतम अंक : 80 Maximum Marks: 80

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सामान्य निर्देश:

निम्नलिखित निर्देशों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए और उनका पालन कीजिए :

- (i) इस प्रश्न-पत्र में 34 प्रश्न हैं । सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं ।
- (ii) यह प्रश्न-पत्र दो भागों में विभाजित है भाग क तथा भाग ख ।
- (iii) भाग क सभी परीक्षार्थियों के लिए अनिवार्य है।
- (iv) भाग ख के दो विकल्प हैं । परीक्षार्थियों को केवल एक ही विकल्प के प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखने हैं ।
 विकल्प I : वित्तीय विवरणों का विश्लेषण
 विकल्प II : अभिकलित्र लेखांकन
- (v) प्रश्न संख्या 1 से 16 (भाग क) तथा प्रश्न संख्या 27 से 30 (भाग ख) बहुविकल्पीय प्रकार के प्रश्न हैं । प्रत्येक प्रश्न 1 अंक का है ।
- (vi) प्रश्न संख्या 17 से 20 (भाग क) तथा प्रश्न संख्या 31 और 32 (भाग ख) लघु-उत्तरीय प्रकार के प्रश्न हैं । प्रत्येक प्रश्न 3 अंकों का है ।
- (vii) प्रश्न संख्या **21, 22** (भाग क) तथा प्रश्न संख्या **33** (भाग ख) दीर्घ-उत्तरीय प्रकार-I के प्रश्न हैं । प्रत्येक प्रश्न **4** अंकों का है ।
- (viii) प्रश्न संख्या 23 से 26 (भाग क) तथा प्रश्न संख्या 34 (भाग ख) दीर्घ-उत्तरीय प्रकार-II के प्रश्न हैं । प्रत्येक प्रश्न 6 अंकों का है ।
- (ix) प्रश्न-पत्र में समग्र विकल्प नहीं दिया गया है। यद्यपि, प्रत्येक भाग के कुछ प्रश्नों में आंतरिक विकल्प का चयन दिया गया है।

भाग क (साझेदारी फर्मों तथा कम्पनियों के लिए लेखांकन)

- (i) यदि ₹ 100 के एक अंश/शेयर का हरण (forfeit) कर लिया गया है जिस पर ₹ 70 का भुगतान किया जा चुका है, तो इसे कितने न्यूनतम मूल्य पर पुन: निर्गमित किया जा सकता है ?
 - (A)
 ₹ 100
 (B)
 ₹ 30

 (C)
 ₹ 70
 (D)
 ₹ 130

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(ii) यदि ₹ 10 के एक अंश/शेयर का हरण (forfeit) कर लिया गया है जिसे ₹ 2 प्रति अंश/शेयर प्रीमियम पर निर्गमित किया गया था तथा जिस पर ₹ 8 (प्रीमियम सहित) माँगे गए थे तथा अंशधारी/शेयरधारी ने ₹ 6 (प्रीमियम सहित) का भुगतान कर दिया था. तो अंश/शेयर पँजी खाता नाम होगा :

CLICK HERE

/	,	6			
(A)	₹ 10 से			(B)	₹ 4 से
(C)	₹ 8 से			(D)	₹ 6 से
			Page 2	of 39	

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General Instructions :

Read the following instructions carefully and follow them :

- (i) This question paper contains **34** questions. All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) This question paper is divided into **two** parts **Part A** and **Part B**.
- (iii) **Part A** is **compulsory** for all candidates.
- (iv) **Part B** has two options. Candidates have to attempt only **one** of the given options.

Option I: Analysis of Financial Statements Option II: Computerised Accounting

- (v) Questions number 1 to 16 (Part A) and Questions number 27 to 30 (Part B) are multiple choice questions. Each question carries 1 mark.
- (vi) Questions number **17** to **20** (Part A) and Questions number **31** and **32** (Part B) are short answer type questions. Each question carries **3** marks.
- (vii) Questions number 21, 22 (Part A) and Question number 33 (Part B) are Long answer type-I questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
- (viii) Questions number 23 to 26 (Part A) and Question number 34 (Part B) are Long answer type-II questions. Each question carries 6 marks.
- (ix) There is no overall choice. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions in each of the parts.

PART A (Accounting for Partnership Firms and Companies)

- (i) If a share of ₹ 100 on which ₹ 70 has been paid is forfeited, then at which minimum price can it be re-issued ?
 - $(A) \quad \gtrless 100 \qquad \qquad (B) \quad \gtrless 30$
 - (C) \gtrless 70 (D) \gtrless 130

OR

(ii) If a share of ₹ 10 issued at a premium of ₹ 2 per share, on which
 ₹ 8 (including premium) has been called and ₹ 6 (including premium) has been paid by the shareholder, is forfeited, then
 Share Capital Account will be debited with :

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- $(A) \quad \gtrless 10 \qquad \qquad (B) \quad \gtrless 4$
- $(C) \quad \not\in 8 \qquad \qquad (D) \quad \not\in 6$

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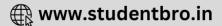
- यदि साझेदारों के पूँजी खाते स्थायी हैं, तो निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सी मद का लेखा साझेदारों के पूँजी खातों में *नहीं* किया जाएगा ?
 - (A) आहरण
 - (B) पूँजी का आहरण
 - (C) अतिरिक्त पूँजी लगाना
 - (D) पूँजी का आरम्भिक शेष
- 3. आशु तथा बासु साझेदार हैं तथा 2 : 1 के अनुपात में लाभ-हानि का विभाजन करते हैं । चेतन को एक नए साझेदार के रूप में लाभ में ¹/₄ भाग के लिए प्रवेश दिया गया जो उसने आशु तथा बासु से बराबर-बराबर अनुपात में प्राप्त किया । आशु, बासु तथा चेतन का नया लाभ विभाजन अनुपात होगा :
 - (A) 13:5:6 (B) 13:2:1
 - (C) 2:13:5 (D) 1:1:1
- 4. (i) 1 जनवरी, 2023 को एक साझेदार अभिषेक ने फर्म को ₹ 3,00,000 का अग्रिम ऋण दिया । साझेदारी समझौते की अनुपस्थिति में 31 मार्च, 2023 को समाप्त होने वाले वर्ष के लिए ऋण पर ब्याज की राशि होगी :
 - (A) ₹ 18,000
 - (B) ₹ 4,500
 - (C) ₹ 9,000
 - (D) कोई ब्याज नहीं दिया जाएगा

अथवा

 (ii)
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2. Which of the following items *cannot* be recorded in the capital account of partners if the capital accounts of partners are fixed ?

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- (A) Drawings
- (B) Withdrawal of capital
- (C) Introduction of additional capital
- (D) Opening balance of capital
- 3. Ashu and Basu are partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 2:1. Chetan is admitted as a new partner with $\frac{1}{4}$ th share in the profits which he acquires equally from Ashu and Basu. The new profit sharing ratio between Ashu, Basu and Chetan will be :

(A)	13:5:6	(B)	13:2:1
(C)	2:13:5	(D)	1:1:1

4.

(i) On 1st January, 2023, Abhishek, a partner, advanced a loan of \gtrless 3,00,000 to the firm. In the absence of a partnership agreement, the amount of interest on the loan for the year ending 31^{st} March, 2023 will be :

- (A) ₹ 18,000
- (B) ₹ 4,500
- (C) ₹ 9,000
- (D) No interest will be provided

OR

 (ii) If a partner withdraws a fixed amount at the end of each quarter, interest on drawings will be charged for _____ months.

(A) 9 (B) $7\frac{1}{2}$ (C) 6 (D) $4\frac{1}{2}$ 67/2/1-12 Page 5 of 39 P.T.O.

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5. (i)

भीम, अर्जुन तथा नकुल एक फर्म में साझेदार थे तथा 4 : 3 : 3 के अनुपात में लाभ-हानि का विभाजन करते थे । 1 अप्रैल, 2023 से वे लाभों को बराबर-बराबर अनुपात में विभाजित करने पर सहमत हुए । लाभ विभाजन अनुपात में परिवर्तन के कारण अर्जुन का अधिलाभ अथवा त्याग होगा :

$$(C) \qquad \frac{1}{15} \text{cum}$$

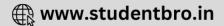
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- (ii) नीरू तथा मीतू क्रमश: ₹ 2,00,000 तथा ₹ 1,50,000 की पूँजी के साथ एक फर्म में साझेदार हैं । 31 मार्च, 2023 को समाप्त हुए वर्ष में यदि फर्म का अर्जित लाभ ₹ 17,500 है, तो 10% वार्षिक दर से उनकी पूँजी पर ब्याज होगा :
 - (A) नीरू ₹ 15,000; मीतू ₹ 20,000
 - (B) नीरू ₹ 8,750; मीतू ₹ 8,750
 - (C) नीरू ₹ 20,000; मीतू ₹ 15,000
 - (D) नीरू ₹ 10,000; मीतू ₹ 7,500
- 6. एक फर्म के विघटन के समय कुल परिसम्पत्तियाँ ₹ 6,00,000 तथा बाह्य देयताएँ
 ₹ 2,40,000 थीं । यदि परिसम्पत्तियों से ₹ 7,20,000 की वसूली हुई तथा ₹ 8,000 के वसूली व्ययों का भुगतान किया गया, तो वसूली पर लाभ अथवा हानि होगी :
 - (A) हानि ₹ 1,20,000(B) लाभ ₹ 1,20,000(C) हानि ₹ 1,12,000(D) लाभ ₹ 1,12,000
- 7. 1 अप्रैल, 2022 को मेगा लिमिटेड ने ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 30,000, 10% ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन 10% बट्टे पर किया । 31 मार्च, 2023 को समाप्त होने वाले वर्ष में ऋणपत्रों पर देय ब्याज की कुल राशि होगी :

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- (A) \neq 2,70,000 (B) \neq 3,00,000
- (C) $\not\equiv$ 27,000 (D) $\not\equiv$ 30,000

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5.

- (i) Bhim, Arjun and Nakul were partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 4 : 3 : 3. With effect from 1st April, 2023, they agreed to share profits equally. Due to change in the profit sharing ratio, Arjun's gain or sacrifice will be :
 - (A) Sacrifice $\frac{1}{30}$
 - (B) Gain $\frac{1}{30}$
 - (C) Sacrifice $\frac{1}{15}$
 - (D) Gain $\frac{1}{15}$ OR
 - (ii) Neeru and Meetu are partners in a firm with capitals of ₹ 2,00,000 and ₹ 1,50,000 respectively. If the firm earned a profit of ₹ 17,500 for the year ended 31st March, 2023, then interest on capital @ 10% p.a. would be :
 - (A) Neeru ₹ 15,000; Meetu ₹ 20,000
 - (B) Neeru ₹ 8,750; Meetu ₹ 8,750
 - (C) Neeru ₹ 20,000; Meetu ₹ 15,000
 - (D) Neeru ₹ 10,000; Meetu ₹ 7,500
- 6. At the time of dissolution of a firm, the total assets were ₹ 6,00,000 and outside liabilities were ₹ 2,40,000. If assets realised ₹ 7,20,000 and realisation expenses of ₹ 8,000 were paid, the profit or loss on realisation will be :

(A)	Loss ₹ 1,20,000	(B)	Profit ₹ 1,20,000

(C)	Loss $₹$ 1,12,000	(D)	Profit ₹ 1,12,000
-----	-------------------	-----	-------------------

On 1st April, 2022, Mega Ltd. issued 30,000, 10% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at a discount of 10%. The total amount of interest due on debentures for the year ending 31st March, 2023 will be :

(A)	₹ 2,70,000	(B)	₹ 3,00,000

(C) $\not\equiv$ 27,000 (D) $\not\equiv$ 30,000

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- किशोर और बिमल एक फर्म में साझेदार हैं तथा 4 : 3 के अनुपात में लाभ-हानि का 8. (i) विभाजन करते हैं। नन्द को लाभों में $\frac{1}{4}$ भाग के लिए फर्म में एक नए साझेदार के रूप में प्रवेश दिया गया । किशोर और बिमल ने निर्णय लिया कि वे भविष्य में लाभ-हानि बराबर-बराबर अनुपात में विभाजित करेंगे । किशोर और बिमल का त्याग अनुपात होगा :
 - (A) 1:1(B) 4:3
 - (C) 11:3(D) 3:11

अथवा

राजू, सोहन और टीना एक फर्म में साझेदार हैं तथा 2 : 2 : 1 के अनुपात (ii) में लाभ-हानि का विभाजन करते हैं । टीना को लाभ के भाग के रूप में प्रति वर्ष न्यूनतम ₹ 40,000 की गारंटी दी गई । इस कारण हुई किसी भी कमी को राजू द्वारा वहन किया जाएगा । 31 मार्च, 2023 को समाप्त होने वाले वर्ष में यदि फर्म का लाभ ₹ 1,60,000 है, तो राजू द्वारा वहन की जाने वाली कमी होगी :

(A) ₹ 8,000 (B) ₹ 40.000 (C)

- ₹ 48,000 (D) ₹ 4,000
- अभिकथन (A) : जब साझेदारी का विघटन होता है, तो न्यायालय का हस्तक्षेप नहीं होता । 9. साझेदारी का विघटन साझेदारों के बीच आपसी सहमति द्वारा होता है। कारण(R): निम्नलिखित में से सही विकल्प का चयन कीजिए :
 - अभिकथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों सही हैं तथा कारण (R) अभिकथन (A) की (A) सही व्याख्या है ।
 - अभिकथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों सही हैं, लेकिन कारण (R) अभिकथन (A) की **(B)** सही व्याख्या *नहीं* है ।
 - अभिकथन (A) ग़लत है, लेकिन कारण (R) सही है। (C)
 - अभिकथन (A) सही है, लेकिन कारण (R) ग़लत है। (D)
- महाराजा लिमिटेड ने डोलफिन लिमिटेड की ₹ 15.00.000 की परिसम्पत्तियों तथा 10. ₹ 2,00,000 की देयताओं का अधिग्रहण ₹ 12,60,000 के सहमत क्रय मूल्य पर किया। यह सहमति हुई कि क्रय मूल्य का भुगतान ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 11% ऋणपत्रों को 10% छूट पर निर्गमित करके किया जाएगा । निर्गमित ऋणपत्रों की संख्या होगी :
 - (A) 13,000 (B) 12,600
 - (C) 10,000 (D) 14,000

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8. (i) Kishore and Bimal are partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 4 : 3. Nand is admitted as a new partner in the firm for $\frac{1}{4}$ th share in the profits. Kishore and Bimal decide to share profits and losses equally in the future. The sacrificing ratio of Kishore and Bimal will be :

(A)	1:1	(B)	4:3
(C)	11:3	(D)	3:11

OR

- (ii) Raju, Sohan and Tina are partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 2 : 2 : 1. Tina is guaranteed a minimum amount of ₹ 40,000 as share of profit every year. Any deficiency arising on that account shall be borne by Raju. If profit of the firm for the year ended 31st March, 2023 is ₹ 1,60,000, Raju will bear a deficiency of :
 - (A) \gtrless 8,000 (B) \gtrless 40,000
 - (C) $\not\equiv$ 48,000 (D) $\not\equiv$ 4,000
- **9.** Assertion (A): The court does not intervene when dissolution of partnership takes place.
 - Reason(R): Dissolution of partnership takes place by mutual agreement between the partners.

Choose the correct option from the following :

- (A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct, but Reason (R) is *not* the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (C) Assertion (A) is incorrect, but Reason (R) is correct.
- $(D) \qquad Assertion \ (A) \ is \ correct, \ but \ Reason \ (R) \ is \ incorrect.$
- Maharaja Ltd. took over assets of ₹ 15,00,000 and liabilities of
 ₹ 2,00,000 of Dolphin Ltd. for an agreed purchase consideration of
 ₹ 12,60,000. It was agreed that the purchase consideration will be paid
 by issuing 11% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at 10% discount. The number of
 debentures issued will be :

(A)	13,000	(B)	$12,\!600$
(C)	10,000	(D)	14,000

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- 11. मीशा लिमिटेड ने ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 6,000, 8% ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन ₹ 96 प्रति ऋणपत्र
 पर किया । 8% ऋणपत्र खाते में जमा होंगे :
 - (A) $\not\equiv$ 5,76,000 (B) $\not\equiv$ 24,000
 - (C) $\not\equiv$ 6,00,000 (D) $\not\equiv$ 60,000
- 12. (i) नामांकित/अधिकृत अंश/शेयर पूँजी है :
 - (A) अंश/शेयर पूँजी का वह भाग जिसे कम्पनी द्वारा निर्गमित किया गया है।
 - (B) अंश/शेयर पूँजी की वह राशि जिसके लिए भावी अंशधारकों/शेयरधारकों द्वारा वास्तव में आवेदन दिए गए हैं ।
 - (C) अंश/शेयर पूँजी की वह अधिकतम राशि जिसे निर्गमित करने हेतु कम्पनी अधिकृत है ।
 - (D) अंशधारियों/शेयरधारियों द्वारा वास्तविक रूप में भुगतान की गई राशि ।

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- (ii) ऐसे ऋणपत्र जिनका कम्पनी की परिसम्पत्तियों पर एक विशिष्ट प्रभार नहीं होता,
 कहलाते हैं :
 - (A) मोचनीय ऋणपत्र
 - (B) अरक्षित ऋणपत्र
 - (C) शून्य कूपन दर ऋणपत्र
 - (D) अपरिवर्तनीय ऋणपत्र
- 13. मानस और रनवीर एक फर्म में साझेदार हैं, जिनके पूँजी शेष क्रमश: ₹ 1,20,000 तथा ₹ 80,000 हैं । संजू को फर्म के भावी लाभों में 1/5 भाग के लिए एक नए साझेदार के रूप में प्रवेश दिया गया । संजू अपनी पूँजी के रूप में ₹ 1,00,000 लाया । संजू के प्रवेश पर फर्म की ख्याति होगी :
 - (A) ₹ 5,00,000
 - (B) ₹ 2,00,000
 - (C) ₹ 3,00,000
 - (D) ₹ 1,00,000

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- Misha Ltd. issued 6,000, 8% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at ₹ 96 per debenture. 8% Debentures Account will be credited by :
 - (A) ₹ 5,76,000 (B) ₹ 24,000
 - (C) \neq 6,00,000 (D) \neq 60,000

12. (i) Nominal/Authorised share capital is :

- (A) that part of the share capital which is issued by the company.
- (B) the amount of share capital which is actually applied for by the prospective shareholders.
- (C) the maximum amount of share capital which a company is authorised to issue.
- (D) the amount actually paid by the shareholders.

OR

- (ii) The debentures which do not have a specific charge on the assets of the company are called :

 - (A) Redeemable Debentures
 - (B) Unsecured Debentures
 - (C) Zero Coupon Rate Debentures
 - (D) Non-Convertible Debentures
- 13. Manas and Ranvir are partners in a firm having capital balances of ₹ 1,20,000 and ₹ 80,000 respectively. Sanju is admitted as a new partner in the firm for 1/5 th share in future profits. Sanju brought ₹ 1,00,000 as his capital. The goodwill of the firm on Sanju's admission

will be :

- (A) ₹ 5,00,000
- (B) ₹ 2,00,000
- (C) ₹ 3,00,000
- (D) ₹ 1,00,000

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निम्नलिखित काल्पनिक स्थिति को पढ़िए तथा इसमें दी गई सूचना के आधार पर प्रश्न संख्या 14 तथा 15 के उत्तर दीजिए ।

विवेक एवं निशा एक फर्म में साझेदार थे तथा 3:2 के अनुपात में लाभ-हानि का विभाजन करते थे | 1 अप्रैल, 2022 को उनकी पूँजी क्रमश: ₹ 8,00,000 तथा ₹ 4,00,000 थी | 1 जुलाई, 2022 को विवेक ₹ 2,00,000 की अतिरिक्त पूँजी लाया | वर्ष के दौरान विवेक का आहरण ₹ 40,000 था, जबकि निशा का आहरण ₹ 80,000 था | साझेदारी समझौते के अनुसार, पूँजी पर 6% वार्षिक दर से ब्याज दिया जाएगा | आहरण पर 5% वार्षिक दर से ब्याज प्रभारित किया जाएगा | 31 मार्च, 2023 को समाप्त होने वाले वर्ष के लिए शुद्ध लाभ की राशि ₹ 6,50,000 थी |

14. विवेक को देय पूँजी पर ब्याज होगा :

(A)	₹ 48,000	(B)	₹ 60,000
(C)	₹ 57,000	(D)	₹ 24,000

15. निशा के आहरण पर ब्याज की राशि होगी :

(A)	₹ 2,000	(B)	₹ 1,000
(C)	₹ 4,000	(D)	₹ 4,800

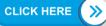
- 16. अभिकथन (A): एक साझेदारी फर्म में नया साझेदार प्रवेश पर पूँजी की एक सहमत राशि नगद या वस्तु रूप में लाता है।
 - *कारण* (R) : एक साझेदारी फर्म में नया साझेदार प्रवेश पर साझेदारी फर्म की परिसम्पत्तियों तथा लाभों में भाग लेने का अधिकार ग्रहण करता है ।

निम्नलिखित में से सही विकल्प का चयन कीजिए :

- (A) अभिकथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों सही हैं तथा कारण (R) अभिकथन (A) की सही व्याख्या है ।
- (B) अभिकथन (A) तथा कारण (R) दोनों सही हैं, लेकिन कारण (R) अभिकथन (A) की सही व्याख्या *नहीं* है ।
- (C) अभिकथन (A) ग़लत है, लेकिन कारण (R) सही है।
- (D) अभिकथन (A) सही है, लेकिन कारण (R) ग़लत है।

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Read the following hypothetical situation and answer Questions No. 14 and 15 on the basis of the given information.

Vivek and Nisha were partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3:2. On 1^{st} April, 2022, their capitals were \gtrless 8,00,000 and \gtrless 4,00,000 respectively. On 1^{st} July, 2022, Vivek introduced additional capital of \gtrless 2,00,000. During the year, Vivek's drawings were \gtrless 40,000 while drawings of Nisha were \gtrless 80,000. As per the partnership agreement, interest on capital is allowed @ 6% p.a., interest on drawings will be charged @ 5% p.a. The net profit for the year ended 31^{st} March, 2023 amounted to \gtrless 6,50,000.

14. Interest on capital payable to Vivek will be :

(A)	₹ 48,000	(B)	₹ 60,000
(C)	₹ 57,000	(D)	₹ 24,000

15. The amount of interest on drawings of Nisha would be :

(A)	₹ 2,000	(B)	₹ 1,000
(C)	₹ 4,000	(D)	₹ 4,800

- 16. Assertion (A): In a partnership firm, at the time of admission, the new partner brings in an agreed amount of capital either in cash or in kind.
 - Reason (R): In a partnership firm, at the time of admission, the new partner acquires the right to share the assets and the profits of the partnership firm.

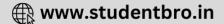
Choose the correct option from the following :

- (A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct, but Reason (R) is *not* the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (C) Assertion (A) is incorrect, but Reason (R) is correct.
- (D) Assertion (A) is correct, but Reason (R) is incorrect.

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17. (क) प्रतीक, चारु तथा सिरिमा एक फर्म में साझेदार थे तथा 3:2:1 के अनुपात में लाभों का विभाजन करते थे । 31 मार्च, 2023 को प्रतीक फर्म से सेवानिवृत्त हो गया । चारु और सिरिमा ने निर्णय लिया कि नई फर्म की पूँजी ₹ 6,30,000 होगी । सेवानिवृत्ति की तिथि को चारु और सिरिमा के पूँजी खाते सभी समायोजनों के पश्चात् क्रमश: ₹ 4,35,000 तथा ₹ 1,89,000 का जमा शेष दर्शा रहे थे । साझेदारों द्वारा फर्म में लाई जाने वाली नगद की वास्तविक राशि अथवा उन्हें भुगतान की जाने वाली नगद राशि की गणना कीजिए । आवश्यक रोजनामचा प्रविष्टियाँ भी कीजिए ।

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- (ख) चमन, बर्मन तथा अमन एक फर्म में साझेदार थे तथा 3:2:1 के अनुपात में लाभ-हानि का विभाजन करते थे । अमन को प्रति वर्ष उसके लाभ के भाग के रूप में न्यूनतम ₹ 60,000 की गारंटी दी गई थी ।
 31 मार्च, 2023 को समाप्त होने वाले वर्ष के लिए शुद्ध लाभ की राशि ₹ 1,20,000 थी ।
 फर्म की पुस्तकों में साझेदारों के बीच लाभ-विभाजन दर्शाते हुए आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए ।
- 18. अनु, मनु, सोनू तथा रोहन एक फर्म में साझेदार थे तथा 1:2:1:2 के अनुपात में लाभ-हानि का विभाजन करते थे । 1 अप्रैल, 2023 से उन्होंने लाभ-हानि का विभाजन 2:4:1:3 के अनुपात में करने का निर्णय लिया । उनका स्थिति विवरण ₹ 90,000 का सामान्य संचय दर्शा रहा था । फर्म की ख्याति का मूल्यांकन ₹ 4,50,000 किया गया । लाभ विभाजन अनुपात में परिवर्तन के कारण उपर्युक्त के लिए आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए । अपने कार्य को स्पष्टता से दर्शाइए ।
- 19. (क) प्रीति लिमिटेड ने पायल लिमिटेड से ₹ 5,40,000 की परिसम्पत्तियाँ तथा ₹ 1,20,000 की देयताओं का अधिग्रहण ₹ 5,28,000 के क्रय मूल्य पर किया । प्रीति लिमिटेड ने आधी राशि का भुगतान एक चैक द्वारा तथा शेष राशि का भुगतान ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 10% ऋणपत्रों को 10% प्रीमियम पर निर्गमित करके किया ।
 उपर्युक्त लेनदेनों के लिए प्रीति लिमिटेड की पुस्तकों में आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए ।

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17. (a) Prateek, Charu and Sirima were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 3:2:1. Prateek retired from the firm on 31st March, 2023. Charu and Sirima decided that the capital of the new firm will be ₹ 6,30,000. The capital accounts of Charu and Sirima after all adjustments on the date of retirement showed a credit balance of ₹ 4,35,000 and ₹ 1,89,000 respectively. Calculate the amount of actual cash to be brought into the firm or to be paid to the partners. Also pass necessary journal entries.

OR

- (b) Chaman, Burman and Aman were partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3:2:1. Aman was guaranteed a minimum amount of ₹ 60,000 as his share of profit every year. The net profit for the year ended 31st March, 2023 amounted to ₹ 1,20,000.
 Pass necessary journal entries in the books of the firm showing the distribution of profit amongst the partners.
- 18. Anu, Manu, Sonu and Rohan were partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 1: 2:1:2. With effect from 1st April, 2023, they decided to share profits and losses in the ratio of 2:4:1:3. Their Balance Sheet showed General Reserve of ₹ 90,000. The goodwill of the firm was valued at ₹ 4,50,000.

Pass necessary journal entries for the above on account of change in the profit sharing ratio. Show your working clearly.

19. (a) Priti Ltd. purchased assets worth ₹ 5,40,000 and took over liabilities of ₹ 1,20,000 of Payal Ltd. for a purchase consideration of ₹ 5,28,000. Priti Ltd. paid half the amount by cheque and the balance was settled by issuing 10% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at a premium of 10%.

Pass necessary journal entries for the above transactions in the books of Priti Ltd.

>>

OR

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- (ख) धातु लिमिटेड ने ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 4,000, 11% ऋणपत्रों को ₹ 50 प्रति ऋणपत्र प्रीमियम पर निर्गमित करने के लिए आवेदन आमंत्रित किए । पूरी राशि का भुगतान आवेदन पर देय था । 5,000 ऋणपत्रों के लिए आवेदन प्राप्त हुए । 1,000 ऋणपत्रों के आवेदनों को रद्द कर दिया गया तथा आवेदन राशि वापस कर दी गई । शेष आवेदकों को ऋणपत्रों का आबंटन कर दिया गया । धातु लिमिटेड की पुस्तकों में उपर्युक्त लेनदेनों के लिए आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए ।
- 20. 1 अप्रैल, 2023 को एक साझेदारी फर्म की परिसम्पत्तियाँ ₹ 2,00,000 थीं, जिसमें ₹ 6,000 नगद तथा ₹ 14,000 का बैंक शेष सम्मिलित था । साझेदारों के पूँजी खाते ₹ 1,90,000 का शेष दर्शा रहे थे और बाकी की राशि का संचय था । यदि लाभ की सामान्य प्रतिफल दर 10% है तथा फर्म की ख्याति का मूल्यांकन अधिलाभों के 4 वर्षों के क्रय के आधार पर ₹ 60,000 किया गया है, तो फर्म के औसत लाभों को ज्ञात कीजिए ।
- 21. अदिति, रेनू एवं वर्षा एक फर्म में साझेदार थीं तथा 3 : 2 : 5 के अनुपात में लाभ-हानि का विभाजन करती थीं । 31 मार्च, 2023 को उनका स्थिति विवरण निम्न प्रकार से था :

देयताएँ		राशि ₹	परिसम्पत्तियाँ	राशि ₹
पूँजी :			भवन	6,00,000
अदिति	5,00,000		मशीनरी	3,00,000
रेनू	4,00,000		स्टॉक	1,00,000
वर्षा	3,00,000	12,00,000	पेटेन्ट्स	1,50,000
सामान्य संचय		1,00,000	देनदार	2,50,000
लेनदार		2,00,000	रोकड़	1,00,000
		15,00,000		15,00,000
21 जन्मर्ट - 0000	$\rightarrow \rightarrow -m + $		किमी मारोता की मन्त्र म	

31 मार्च, 2023 को अदिति, रेनू एवं वर्षा का स्थिति विवरण

31 जुलाई, 2023 को वर्षा की मृत्यु हो गई । किसी साझेदार की मृत्यु पर साझेदारी समझौते में निम्न का प्रावधान था :

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(b) Dhatu Ltd. invited applications for issuing 4,000, 11% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at a premium of ₹ 50 per debenture. Full amount was payable on application. Applications were received for 5,000 debentures. Applications for 1,000 debentures were rejected and application money was refunded. Debentures were allotted to the remaining applicants.

Pass necessary journal entries for the above transactions in the books of Dhatu Ltd.

- **20.** On 1st April, 2023, a partnership firm had assets of \neq 2,00,000 including cash of \neq 6,000 and bank balance of \neq 14,000. The partners' capital accounts showed a balance of \neq 1,90,000 and reserves constituted the rest. If the normal rate of return is 10% and the goodwill of the firm is valued at \neq 60,000 at 4 years purchase of super profits, find the average profits of the firm.
- Aditi, Renu and Varsha were partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3 : 2 : 5. On 31st March, 2023 their Balance Sheet was as under :

Liabilities		Amount ₹	Assets	Amount ₹
Capitals :			Buildings	6,00,000
Aditi	5,00,000		Machinery	3,00,000
Renu	4,00,000		Stock	1,00,000
Varsha	3,00,000	12,00,000	Patents	1,50,000
General Reser	rve	1,00,000	Debtors	2,50,000
Creditors		2,00,000	Cash	1,00,000
		15,00,000		15,00,000

Balance Sheet of Aditi, Renu and Varsha as at 31st March, 2023

Varsha died on 31^{st} July, 2023. The partnership deed provided for the following, on the death of a partner :

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- (i) पूँजी पर ब्याज 6% वार्षिक दर से दिया जाएगा ।
- (ii) फर्म की ख्याति का मूल्यांकन पिछले पाँच वर्षों के औसत लाभों के 3 वर्षों के क्रय के आधार पर किया जाएगा, जो ₹ 90,000 थे।
- (iii) मृत्यु की तिथि तक लाभ अथवा हानि में वर्षा के भाग की गणना विक्रय के आधार पर की जाएगी । 31 मार्च, 2023 को समाप्त होने वाले वर्ष का विक्रय ₹ 60,00,000 था तथा 1 अप्रैल, 2023 से 31 जुलाई, 2023 तक ₹ 15,00,000 था । 31 मार्च, 2023 को समाप्त होने वाले वर्ष का लाभ ₹ 12,00,000 था ।

वर्षा के उत्तराधिकारियों को प्रस्तुत करने के लिए वर्षा का पूँजी खाता तैयार कीजिए।

 22. आर आर लिमिटेड ₹ 8,00,000 की अधिकृत पूँजी के साथ पंजीकृत थी, जो ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के 80,000 समता अंशों/शेयरों में विभाजित थी । कम्पनी ने जनता से 40,000 समता अंशों/शेयरों के लिए आवेदन प्रस्तावित किए । प्रति अंश/शेयर राशि निम्न प्रकार से देय थी :

आवेदन पर	_	₹ 5
आबंटन पर	_	₹ 3
प्रथम एवं अंतिम याचना पर	_	शेष

निर्गम पूर्ण रूप से अभिदत्त हुआ तथा सभी देय राशियाँ प्राप्त कर ली गईं केवल सीमा को आबंटित 2,000 अंशों/शेयरों को छोड़कर जिन पर आबंटन तथा याचना राशि नहीं मिली । कम्पनी अधिनियम, 2013 की अनुसूची III, भाग I के अनुसार कम्पनी के स्थिति विवरण में अंश/शेयर पूँजी दर्शाइए । इसके लिए 'खातों के नोट्स' भी तैयार कीजिए ।

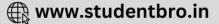
- 23. निम्नलिखित लेनदेनों के लिए ऋणपत्रों के निर्गमन पर आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए : 6
 - (i) काजल लिमिटेड ने ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 30,000, 11% ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन 10% बट्टे पर किया, जिनका शोधन 5% प्रीमियम पर किया जाएगा ।
 - (ii) निन्जा लिमिटेड ने ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 32,000, 8% ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन ₹ 20 प्रति ऋणपत्र प्रीमियम पर किया, जिनका शोधन ₹ 10 प्रति ऋणपत्र प्रीमियम पर किया जाएगा।
 - (iii) हिम लिमिटेड ने ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 40,000, 13% ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन सममूल्य पर किया, जिनका शोधन 10% प्रीमियम पर किया जाएगा ।

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- (i) Interest on capital was to be provided @ 6% p.a.
- (ii) Goodwill of the firm was to be valued at 3 years purchase of average profits of the previous five years which were \gtrless 90,000.
- (iii) Varsha's share of profit or loss till the date of death was to be calculated on the basis of sales. Sales for the year ended 31st March, 2023 amounted to ₹ 60,00,000 and that from 1st April, 2023 to 31st July, 2023 amounted to ₹ 15,00,000. The profit for the year ended 31st March, 2023 was ₹ 12,00,000.

Prepare Varsha's Capital Account to be rendered to her executors.

22. RR Ltd. was registered with an authorised capital of ₹ 8,00,000 divided into 80,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each. The company offered to the public for subscription 40,000 equity shares. The amount per share was payable as follows :

On Application	—	₹ 5
On Allotment	_	₹ 3
On first and final call	_	Balance

The issue was fully subscribed and all amounts due were received except the allotment and call money on 2,000 shares allotted to Seema.

Present the Share Capital in the Balance Sheet of the company as per Schedule III, Part I of the Companies Act, 2013. Also prepare 'Notes to Accounts' for the same.

- **23.** Pass necessary journal entries for issue of debentures for the following transactions :
 - (i) Kajal Ltd. issued 30,000, 11% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at a discount of 10%, redeemable at a premium of 5%.
 - (ii) Ninja Ltd. issued 32,000, 8% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at a premium ₹ 20 per debenture, redeemable at a premium of ₹ 10 per debenture.
 - (iii) Him Ltd. issued 40,000, 13% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at par, redeemable at a premium of 10%.

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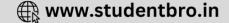
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- 24. नन्दू, बन्दू तथा चन्दू एक फर्म में साझेदार थे । 31 मार्च, 2023 को उन्होंने फर्म के विघटन का निर्णय लिया । विभिन्न परिसम्पत्तियों (रोकड़ एवं बैंक के अतिरिक्त) तथा बाह्य देयताओं को वसूली खाते में स्थानान्तरित करने के पश्चात् निम्नलिखित लेनदेनों के लिए आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए :
 - (i) ₹ 1,40,000 के स्टॉक को नन्दू ने 30% बट्टे पर ले लिया।
 - (ii) लेनदारों ने जिनका फर्म पर ₹ 40,000 का उधार था, ₹ 4,000 का स्टॉक स्वीकार किया तथा शेष राशि का भुगतान उन्हें चैक निर्गमित करके किया गया ।
 - (iii) एक पुराना कम्प्यूटर, जिसे पुस्तकों से पूर्ण रूप से अपलिखित कर दिया गया था, को ₹ 4,000 में बेच दिया गया, जबकि उसका अनुमानित बाज़ार मूल्य ₹ 10,000 था।
 - (iv) चन्दू ने फर्म को ₹ 1,00,000 का ऋण दिया था, जिसका भुगतान उसे चैक द्वारा कर दिया गया ।
 - (v) एक देनदार से ₹ 24,000 की प्राप्ति हुई, जिसका खाता पिछले वर्ष डूबत ऋण के रूप में अपलिखित कर दिया गया था ।
 - (vi) बन्दू को विघटन कार्य की देख-रेख के लिए नियुक्त किया गया, जिसके लिए उसे ₹ 26,000 का पारिश्रमिक देने की अनुमति दी गई । बन्दू विघटन व्यय वहन करने के लिए सहमत हो गया । ₹ 36,000 के वास्तविक वसूली व्ययों का भुगतान बन्दू द्वारा किया गया ।
- 25. (क) संजू तथा मंजू एक फर्म में साझेदार थे तथा 3:2 के अनुपात में लाभ-हानि का विभाजन करते थे। 31 मार्च, 2023 को उनका स्थिति विवरण निम्न प्रकार से था:

देयताएँ	राशि ₹	परिसम्पत्तियाँ	राशि ₹
पूँजी :		संयंत्र एवं मशीनरी	80,000
संजू 1,40,000		फर्नीचर	1,32,000
मंजू <u>1,20,000</u>	2,60,000	विनियोग	60,000
सामान्य संचय	40,000	देनदार 76,000	
लेनदार	1,80,000	घटा – संदिग्ध ऋणों	
		के लिए प्रावधान <u>4,000</u>	72,000
		बैंक में रोकड़	1,36,000
	4,80,000		4,80,000

31 मार्च, 2023 को संजू तथा मंजू का स्थिति विवरण

1 अप्रैल, 2023 को लाभों में $\frac{1}{4}$ भाग के लिए निम्नलिखित शर्तों पर उदय को फर्म में प्रवेश दिया गया :

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- 24. Nandu, Bandu and Chandu were partners in a firm. On 31st March, 2023 they decided to dissolve the firm. Pass necessary journal entries for the following transactions after the various assets (other than cash and bank) and outside liabilities have been transferred to Realisation Account :
 - (i) Stock of \gtrless 1,40,000 was taken by Nandu at a discount of 30%.
 - (ii) Creditors to whom the firm owed \neq 40,000 accepted stock at \neq 4,000 and the balance amount was paid to them by a cheque.
 - (iii) An old computer which had been written off completely from the books was sold for \gtrless 4,000, whereas its estimated market value was \gtrless 10,000.
 - (iv) Chandu had given a loan of \neq 1,00,000 to the firm, which was paid to him through a cheque.
 - (v) ₹ 24,000 were recovered from a debtor which was written off as bad debt in the previous year.
 - (vi) Bandu was appointed to look after the dissolution work for which he was allowed a remuneration of ₹ 26,000. Bandu agreed to bear the dissolution expenses. Actual dissolution expenses of ₹ 36,000 were paid by Bandhu.
- **25.** (a) Sanju and Manju were partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3 : 2. Their Balance Sheet on 31st March, 2023 was as follows :

Liabilities		Amount ₹	Assets	Amount ₹
Capitals :			Plant and Machinery	80,000
Sanju	1,40,000		Furniture	1,32,000
Manju	1,20,000	2,60,000	Investments	60,000
General Res	erve	40,000	Debtors 76,000	
Creditors		1,80,000	Less : Provision	7 0,000
			for doubtful debts 4,000	72,000
			Cash at Bank	1,36,000
		4,80,000		4,80,000

Balance Sheet of Sanju and Manju as at 31st March, 2023

On 1st April, 2023, Uday was admitted into the firm for $\frac{1}{4}$ th share in profits on the following terms :

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- (i) फर्नीचर पर ₹ 6,000 का मूल्यह्रास लगाया जाएगा ।
- (ii) विनियोगों का मूल्यांकन ₹ 72,000 किया गया।
- (iii) संयंत्र एवं मशीनरी को संजू तथा मंजू ने अपने लाभ-विभाजन अनुपात में ले लिया ।
- (iv) उदय आनुपातिक पूँजी तथा ख्याति प्रीमियम के अपने भाग के रूप में
 ₹ 10,000 नगद लाएगा ।

पुनर्मूल्यांकन खाता तथा साझेदारों के पूँजी खाते तैयार कीजिए ।

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अथवा

 (ख) रवि, तनु तथा सारा एक फर्म में साझेदार थे तथा 5 : 3 : 2 के अनुपात में लाभ-हानि का विभाजन करते थे । अपनी बीमारी के कारण रवि 31 मार्च, 2023 को फर्म से सेवानिवृत्त हो गया । इसी तिथि को फर्म का स्थिति विवरण निम्न प्रकार से था :

देयताएँ	राशि <i>₹</i>	परिसम्पत्तियाँ	राशि <i>₹</i>
पूँजी :		स्थायी परिसम्पत्तियाँ	1,20,000
रवि 80,	000	स्टॉक	1,60,000
तनु 1,24,	000	देनदार	2,00,000
	2,70,000	हस्तस्थ रोकड़	80,000
लाभ एवं हानि	1,70,000		
कर्मचारी भविष्य निधि	20,000		
लेनदार	1,00,000		
	5,60,000		5,60,000

31 मार्च, 2023 को रवि, तनु तथा सारा का स्थिति विवरण

अतिरिक्त सूचनाएँ :

- (i) लेनदारों में ₹ 4,000 की एक राशि सम्मिलित थी, जिसका दावा नहीं किया जाएगा ।
- (ii) देनदारों पर संदिग्ध ऋणों के लिए 5% का प्रावधान किया जाएगा।
- (iii) फर्म की ख्याति का मूल्यांकन ₹ 1,60,000 किया गया।
- (iv) स्थायी सम्पत्तियों का मूल्य ₹ 5,000 अधिक पाया गया।
- (iv) तनु तथा सारा के मध्य 2:3 के नए लाभ-विभाजन अनुपात पर सहमति हुई।
- (vi) रवि को देय राशि उसके ऋण खाते में हस्तान्तरित की जाएगी ।
- रवि की सेवानिवृत्ति पर पुनर्मूल्यांकन खाता तथा साझेदारों के पूँजी खाते तैयार कीजिए । 6

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- (i) Furniture was to be depreciated by \gtrless 6,000.
- (ii) Investments were valued at \gtrless 72,000.
- (iii) Plant and Machinery was taken over by Sanju and Manju in their profit sharing ratio.
- (iv) Uday will bring in proportionate capital and ₹ 10,000 as his share of goodwill premium in cash.

Prepare Revaluation Account and Partners' Capital Accounts.

6

OR

(b) Ravi, Tanu and Sara were partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 5 : 3 : 2. Ravi retired from the firm due to his illness on 31st March, 2023. The Balance Sheet of the firm on that date was as follows :

Liabilities		Amount ₹	Assets	Amount ₹
Capitals :			Fixed Assets	1,20,000
Ravi	80,000		Stock	1,60,000
Tanu	1,24,000		Debtors	2,00,000
Sara	66,000	2,70,000	Cash in hand	80,000
Profit and Loss		1,70,000		
Employees' Prov	vident Fund	20,000		
Creditors		1,00,000		
		5,60,000		5,60,000

Balance Sheet of Ravi	, Tanu and Sara a	as at 31 st March, 2023
------------------------------	-------------------	------------------------------------

Additional Information :

- (i) Creditors included a sum of \neq 4,000 which was not likely to be claimed.
- (ii) A provision of 5% for doubtful debts was to be created on debtors.
- (iii) Goodwill of the firm was valued at \gtrless 1,60,000.
- (iv) Fixed Assets were found overvalued by \gtrless 5,000.
- (v) New profit sharing ratio of Tanu and Sara was agreed at 2 : 3.

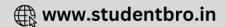
(vi) The amount due to Ravi was transferred to his loan account.

Prepare Revaluation Account and Partners' Capital Accounts on Ravi's retirement.

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- 26. (क) निम्नलिखित स्थितियों में अंशों/शेयरों के हरण और उनके पुन: निर्गमन की आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए :
 - (i) स्टार लिमिटेड ने ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 8,000 अंशों/शेयरों का जिन्हें 10% प्रीमियम पर निर्गमित किया गया था, ₹ 40 प्रति अंश/शेयर (प्रीमियम सहित) की आबंटन राशि तथा ₹ 30 प्रति अंश/शेयर की प्रथम याचना का भुगतान न करने पर, हरण कर लिया । ₹ 20 प्रति अंश/शेयर की द्वितीय एवं अंतिम याचना अभी तक माँगी नहीं गई थी । इनमें से 6,000 अंशों/शेयरों को ₹ 70 प्रति अंश/शेयर, ₹ 80 प्रदत्त पर पुनः निर्गमित कर दिया गया ।
 - (ii) प्रीमियर लिमिटेड ने ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के 3,000 अंशों/शेयरों का हरण कर लिया जिन पर ₹ 3 प्रति अंश/शेयर की प्रथम याचना का भुगतान नहीं किया गया और ₹ 2 प्रति अंश/शेयर की द्वितीय एवं अंतिम याचना अभी तक माँगी नहीं गई थी । इनमें से 2,000 अंशों/शेयरों को गीता को ₹ 12 प्रति अंश/शेयर, ₹ 8 प्रदत्त पर पुन: निर्गमित कर दिया गया ।

अथवा

 (ख) ज़ी लिमिटेड ने ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के 40,000 अंशों/शेयरों को ₹ 2 प्रति अंश/शेयर के प्रीमियम पर निर्गमित करने के लिए आवेदन आमंत्रित किए । राशि निम्न प्रकार से देय थी :

आवेदन पर	– ₹ 4 प्रति अंश/शेयर
आबंटन पर	- ₹ 5 प्रति अंश/शेयर (प्रीमियम सहित)
प्रथम याचना पर	– ₹ 2 प्रति अंश/शेयर
द्वितीय एवं अंतिम याचना पर	– शेष

60,000 अंशों/शेयरों के लिए आवेदन प्राप्त हुए । 12,000 अंशों/शेयरों के लिए आवेदनों को रद्द कर दिया गया तथा आवेदकों को उनकी राशि वापस कर दी गई । 48,000 अंशों/शेयरों के आवेदकों को आनुपातिक आधार पर अंशों/शेयरों का आबंटन कर दिया गया । आवेदन पर प्राप्त अतिरिक्त राशि का समायोजन आबंटन पर देय राशि में कर दिया गया ।

सभी अंशधारकों/शेयरधारकों ने आबंटन राशि का भुगतान कर दिया, केवल एक अंशधारी/शेयरधारी को छोड़कर जिसने 1,200 अंशों/शेयरों के लिए आवेदन दिया था। आबंटन के तुरंत बाद उसके अंशों/शेयरों का हरण कर लिया गया। उसके बाद प्रथम याचना माँगी गई तथा पूर्ण देय राशि प्राप्त हो गई। द्वितीय एवं अंतिम याचना अभी तक माँगी नहीं गई थी।

ज़ी लिमिटेड की पुस्तकों में उपर्युक्त लेनदेनों के लिए आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए।

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26.

(a) Pass necessary journal entries for forfeiture and reissue of shares in the following cases :

- (i) Star Ltd. forfeited 8,000 shares of ₹ 100 each issued at 10% premium for non-payment of allotment money of ₹ 40 per share (including premium) and first call of ₹ 30 per share. The second and final call of ₹ 20 per share was not yet called. Out of these, 6,000 shares were reissued at ₹ 80 paid up for ₹ 70 per share.
- (ii) Premier Ltd. forfeited 3,000 shares of ₹ 10 each on which the first call of ₹ 3 per share was not received and the second and final call of ₹ 2 per share was not yet called. Out of these, 2,000 shares were reissued to Gita at ₹ 8 paid up for ₹ 12 per share.

OR

(b) Zee Ltd. invited applications for issuing 40,000 shares of ₹ 10 each at a premium of ₹ 2 per share. The amount was payable as follows :

On Application –	eq 4 per share
On Allotment –	₹ 5 per share (including premium)
On First call –	₹ 2 per share
On Second and Final call –	Balance

Applications were received for 60,000 shares. Applications for 12,000 shares were rejected and money returned to the applicants. The shares were allotted on pro-rata basis to the applicants of 48,000 shares. The evenes meney received on application was

48,000 shares. The excess money received on application was adjusted towards sums due on allotment.

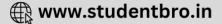
All shareholders paid the allotment money except one shareholder who had applied for 1,200 shares. His shares were forfeited immediately after allotment. First call was made thereafter and all the money due was received. The second and final call was not yet made.

Pass necessary journal entries for the above transactions in the books of Zee Ltd.

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भाग ख

विकल्प - I

(वित्तीय विवरणों का विश्लेषण)

27. (i) निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा 'वित्तीय विवरणों के विश्लेषण' का एक उद्देश्य <i>न</i> ह	नहीं है ?	1
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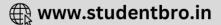
- (A) फर्म की वर्तमान लाभप्रदता एवं प्रचालन कार्यक्षमता का पता लगाना ।
- (B) फर्म की वित्तीय स्थिति के विभिन्न संघटकों के सापेक्षिक महत्त्व का निर्धारण करना ।
- (C) मूल्य-स्तरीय परिवर्तनों के प्रभाव को ध्यान में रखना ।
- (D) फर्म की लाभप्रदता/वित्तीय स्थिति में बदलाव के कारणों की पहचान करना ।
 अथवा
- (ii) _____ को अम्ल-जाँच अनुपात के नाम से भी जाना जाता है ।
 - (A) चालू अनुपात
 - (B) तरल अनुपात
 - (C) सकल लाभ अनुपात
 - (D) प्रचालन अनुपात
- **28.** सुपर लिमिटेड का चालू अनुपात 2 : 1 है । निम्नलिखित में से किस लेनदेन के परिणामस्वरूप यह अनुपात घटेगा ?
 - (A) लेनदारों को ₹ 40,000 का भुगतान
 - (B) फर्नीचर का विक्रय (पुस्तक मूल्य ₹ 38,000) केवल ₹ 16,000 में
 - (C) ₹ 7,00,000 के दीर्घकालीन ऋण का पुनर्भुगतान
 - (D) देनदारों से ₹ 1,18,000 नगद एकत्रित किए

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PART B

OPTION – I

(Analysis of Financial Statements)

- 27. (i) Which of the following is *not* an objective of 'Analysis of Financial Statements'?
 - (A) To assess the current profitability and operational efficiency of the firm.
 - (B) To ascertain the relative importance of different components of the financial position of the firm.
 - (C) To consider the impact of price level changes.
 - (D) To identify the reasons for change in the profitability/financial position of the firm.

OR

- (ii) _____ is also known as Acid-Test Ratio.
 - (A) Current Ratio
 - (B) Quick Ratio
 - (C) Gross profit Ratio
 - (D) Operating Ratio
- **28.** Current Ratio of Super Ltd. is 2 : 1. Which of the following transactions will result in decrease in this ratio ?
 - (A) Payment of \neq 40,000 to creditors
 - (B) Sale of furniture (book value \gtrless 38,000) for \gtrless 16,000 only
 - (C) Repayment of long term loan of \neq 7,00,000
 - (D) Cash collected from debtors \gtrless 1,18,000

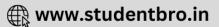
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29. (i)

- *कथन I : ऋ*णपत्रों के निर्गमन का परिणाम रोकड़ का अन्तर्वाह होगा ।
 - कथन II : विक्रेताओं को मशीनरी क्रय के बदले ऋणपत्रों के निर्गमन का परिणाम रोकड़ का बहिर्वाह होगा ।

निम्नलिखित में से सही विकल्प का चयन कीजिए :

- (A) दोनों कथन सही हैं।
- (B) दोनों कथन ग़लत हैं।
- (C) कथन I सही है तथा कथन II ग़लत है।
- (D) कथन I ग़लत है तथा कथन II सही है।

अथवा

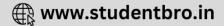
- (ii) 'विक्रय-योग्य प्रतिभूतियों का नगद क्रय' का रोकड़ प्रवाह विवरण पर क्या प्रभाव होगा ? 1
 - (A) कोई प्रभाव नहीं
 - (B) वित्तीय गतिविधियों से अंतर्वाह
 - (C) निवेश गतिविधियों से बहिर्वाह
 - (D) वित्तीय गतिविधियों से बहिर्वाह
- 30. 'नेलीगेअर इंडस्ट्रीज़ के अंशों का अधिग्रहण करने के लिए ₹ 5,00,000 का भुगतान किया
 और अधिग्रहण के बाद ₹ 30,000 का लाभांश प्राप्त किया ।' इस लेनदेन का परिणाम होगा : 1
 - (A) वित्तीय गतिविधियों से ₹ 4,70,000 रोकड़ का बहिर्वाह
 - (B) निवेश गतिविधियों से ₹ 4,70,000 रोकड़ का अन्तर्वाह
 - (C) वित्तीय गतिविधियों से ₹ 4,70,000 रोकड़ का अन्तर्वाह
 - (D) निवेश गतिविधियों से ₹ 4,70,000 रोकड़ का बहिर्वाह
- कम्पनी अधिनियम, 2013 की अनुसूची III, भाग I के अनुसार निम्नलिखित मदों को कम्पनी के स्थिति विवरण में मुख्य शीर्षकों एवं उप-शीर्षकों (यदि कोई हो) के अन्तर्गत वर्गीकृत कीजिए :
 - (i) अग्रिम याचना
 - (ii) खनन अधिकार
 - (iii) खुले औज़ार

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29. (i) Statement I: Issue of Debentures will result in inflow of cash.

Statement II : Issue of Debentures to the vendors for purchase of machinery will result in outflow of cash.

Choose the correct option from the following :

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- (A) Both statements are correct.
- (B) Both statements are incorrect.
- (C) Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect.
- (D) Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct.

OR

- (ii) What will be effect of 'Purchase of Marketable Securities for Cash' on Cash Flow Statement ?
 - (A) No effect
 - (B) Inflow from financing activities
 - (C) Outflow from investing activities
 - (D) Outflow from financing activities
- 30. 'Paid ₹ 5,00,000 to acquire shares in Neligare Industries and received a dividend of ₹ 30,000 after acquisition.' This transaction will result in : 1
 - (A) Cash outflow from financing activities \neq 4,70,000
 - (B) Cash inflow from investing activities ₹ 4,70,000
 - (C) Cash inflow from financing activities \gtrless 4,70,000
 - (D) Cash outflow from investing activities \gtrless 4,70,000
- **31.** Classify the following items under major heads and sub-heads (if any) in the Balance Sheet of a company as per Schedule III, Part I of the Companies Act, 2013 :
 - (i) Calls in advance
 - (ii) Mining rights
 - (iii) Loose tools

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32. निम्नलिखित सूचना से 'तरल अनुपात' तथा 'ऋण-समता अनुपात' की गणना कीजिए :

		₹
कुल ऋण	_	8,00,000
स्टॉक	_	2,20,000
दीर्घकालीन ऋण	_	6,00,000
कार्यशील पूँजी	_	2,40,000
अंशधारकों/शेयरधारकों के कोष	_	12,00,000

33. (क) निम्नलिखित सूचना से 31 मार्च, 2023 को समाप्त होने वाले वर्ष के लिए तुलनात्मक लाभ व हानि विवरण तैयार कीजिए :

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विवरण	2022 – 23 (₹)	2021 – 22 (₹)
प्रचालन से आगम	4,00,000	2,00,000
अन्य आय	80,000	40,000
कर्मचारी लाभ व्यय – प्रचालन से आगम का 50%		
कर दर 50%		

अथवा

 (ख) निम्नलिखित सूचना से 31 मार्च, 2023 को समाप्त होने वाले वर्ष के लिए न्यूरोसी लिमिटेड का 'सामान्य आकार लाभ एवं हानि विवरण' तैयार कीजिए :

विवरण	2022 – 23 (₹)	2021 – 22 (₹)
प्रचालन से आगम	40,00,000	20,00,000
व्यापार माल का क्रय	4,00,000	2,00,000
अन्य व्यय	40,000	20,000
कर दर 50%		

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32. Calculate 'Quick Ratio' and 'Debt-Equity Ratio' from the following information :

		₹
Total Debt	_	8,00,000
Inventory	_	2,20,000
Long Term Debts	_	6,00,000
Working Capital	_	2,40,000
Shareholders' Funds	_	12,00,000

33. (a) From the following information, prepare Comparative Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2023 :

Particulars2022-23
(₹)2021-22
(₹)Revenue from operations4,00,0002,00,000Other income80,00040,000Employee benefit expenses - 50%
of Revenue from operations-50%-50%Tax rate 50%-50%-50%-50%

OR

(b) Prepare a 'Common Size Statement of Profit and Loss' of Neurosci
 Ltd. for the year ended 31st March, 2023 from the following information :

Particulars	2022 – 23 (₹)	2021 – 22 (₹)
Revenue from operations	40,00,000	20,00,000
Purchase of stock in trade	4,00,000	2,00,000
Other expenses	40,000	20,000
Tax rate 50%		

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 34. 31 मार्च, 2023 को निशान्त लिमिटेड के निम्नलिखित स्थिति विवरण से 'प्रचालन गतिविधियों से रोकड़ प्रवाह' की गणना कीजिए :

विवरण	नोट सं.	31.3.2023 (₹)	31.3.2022 (₹)
I – समता एवं देयताएँ :			
1. अंशधारक/शेयरधारक निधि			
(क) अंश/शेयर पूँजी		6,00,000	5,50,000
(ख) संचय एवं आधिक्य	1	1,50,000	1,00,000
2. अचल देयताएँ			
(क) दीर्घकालीन उधार	2	1,20,000	85,000
3. चालू देयताएँ			
(क) व्यापारिक देय		89,500	1,02,000
(ख) अल्पकालीन प्रावधान	3	25,000	38,500
कुल		9,84,500	8,75,500
II – परिसम्पत्तियाँ :			
1. अचल परिसम्पत्तियाँ			
(क) स्थायी परिसम्पत्तियाँ/सम्पत्ति,			
प्लांट तथा संयंत्र तथा अमूर्त परिसम्पत्तियाँ			
(i) मूर्त परिसम्पत्तियाँ/सम्पत्ति,			
प्लांट तथा संयंत्र	4	5,35,000	4,25,000
(ii) अमूर्त परिसम्पत्तियाँ	5	20,000	56,000
2. चालू परिसम्पत्तियाँ			
(क) चालू निवेश		1,20,000	75,000
(ख) रहतिया		64,500	60,500
(ग) व्यापारिक प्राप्य		85,000	71,500
(घ) रोकड़ एवं रोकड़ तुल्य		1,60,000	1,87,500
कुल		9,84,500	8,75,500

	$\mathbf{}$		\sim	\sim
31 मार्च, 2023 व	ता ानशान्त	ालामट ड का	ास्थात	ाववरण
01 (((4) 2020)				1-1-1.

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CLICK HERE



From the following Balance Sheet of Nishant Ltd. as at 31st March, 2023, 34. calculate 'Cash Flows From Operating Activities'.

Part	iculars	Note No.	31.3.2023 (₹)	31.3.2022 (₹)
I – E	Equity and Liabilities :			
1.	Shareholders' Funds			
	(a) Share Capital		6,00,000	5,50,000
	(b) Reserves and Surplus	1	1,50,000	1,00,000
2.	Non-Current Liabilities			
	(a) Long-term Borrowings	2	1,20,000	85,000
3.	Current Liabilities			
	(a) Trade Payables		89,500	1,02,000
	(b) Short-term Provisions	3	25,000	38,500
	Total		9,84,500	8,75,500
II – 4	Assets :			
1.	Non-Current Assets			
	(a) Fixed Assets/Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangib Assets			
	(i) Tangible Assets/Property Plant and Equipment	^y , 4	5,35,000	4,25,000
	(ii) Intangible Assets	5	20,000	56,000
2.	Current Assets			
	(a) Current Investments		1,20,000	75,000
	(b) Inventories		64,500	60,500
	(c) Trade Receivables		85,000	71,500
	(d) Cash and Cash			
	Equivalents		1,60,000	1,87,500
	Total		9,84,500	8,75,500

Balance Sheet of Nishant Ltd. as at 31st March, 2023

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खातों के नोट्स:

नोट सं.	विवरण	31.3.2023 ₹	31.3.2022 ₹
1	संचय एवं आधिक्य		
	आधिक्य अर्थात् लाभ-हानि विवरण का शेष	1,50,000	1,00,000
		1,50,000	1,00,000
2	दीर्घकालीन उधार		
	10% ऋणपत्र	1,20,000	85,000
		1,20,000	85,000
3	अल्पकालीन प्रावधान		
	कर प्रावधान	25,000	38,500
		25,000	38,500
4	मूर्त परिसम्पत्तियाँ/सम्पत्ति, प्लांट तथा संयंत्र		
	मशीनरी	6,35,000	5,00,000
	घटा – एकत्रित मूल्यह्रास	(1,00,000)	(75,000)
		5,35,000	4,25,000
5	अमूर्त परिसम्पत्तियाँ		
	ख्याति	20,000	56,000
		20,000	56,000

अतिरिक्त सूचना :

- (i) मशीनरी के एक भाग को, जिसकी लागत ₹ 12,000 थी और जिस पर ₹ 8,000
 का एकत्रित मूल्यह्रास था, ₹ 3,000 में बेच दिया गया ।
- (ii) 10% ऋणपत्रों पर ₹ 8,500 के ब्याज का भुगतान किया गया ।

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Notes to Accounts :

Note No.	Particulars	31.3.2023 (₹)	31.3.2022 (₹)
1	Reserves and Surplus		
	Surplus i.e. Balance in Statement of Profit and Loss	1,50,000	1,00,000
		1,50,000	1,00,000
2	Long-term Borrowings		
	10% Debentures	1,20,000	85,000
		1,20,000	85,000
3	Short-term Provisions		
	Provision for Tax	25,000	38,500
		25,000	38,500
4	Tangible Assets/Property, Plant and Equipment		
	Machinery	6,35,000	5,00,000
	Less : Accumulated Depreciation	(1,00,000)	(75,000)
		5,35,000	4,25,000
5	Intangible Assets		
	Goodwill	20,000	56,000
		20,000	56,000

Additional Information :

- A piece of machinery costing ₹ 12,000 on which accumulated depreciation was ₹ 8,000 was sold for ₹ 3,000.
- (ii) Interest paid on 10% Debentures amounted to ₹ 8,500.





भाग ख

विकल्प - II

(अभिकलित्र लेखांकन)

27.	आँकड़े	, लोग,तथा सॉफ्टवेयर अभिकलित्र लेखांकन तंत्र के पाँच			
	स्तम्भ	हैं ।			
	अभिव	लित्र लेखांकन तंत्र के कौन-से स्तम्भ उपर्युक्त कथन से लुप्त हैं ?	1		
	(A)	प्रक्रियाएँ एवं हार्डवेयर (B) प्रिंटर एवं सीपीयू			
	(C)	माउस एवं डेस्कटॉप (D) सूचना एवं खाते			
28.	(i)	लेखांकन सूचना प्रणाली के 'विक्रय एवं प्राप्य खाते उपतंत्र' निम्नलिखित में से किसके साथ व्यवहार करते हैं ?	1		
		(A) रोकड़ उपतंत्र की प्राप्ति एवं भुगतान से			
		(B) विक्रय खाताबही एवं प्राप्तियों का लेखा करने एवं उनके रखरखाव से			
		(C) उत्पादित वस्तुओं की लागत पता लगाने से			
		(D) लेनदारों के भुगतान एवं क्रय से			
		अथवा			
	(ii)	एक नल वेल्यू (Null Value) एक विशेष वेल्यू होती है जो प्रतिनिधित्व करती है :	1		
		(A) आँकड़ा मद की एकल वेल्यू की			
		(B) विभिन्न वेल्यू के साथ मद की			
		(C) आँकड़ा मदों की अनुपस्थिति की			
		(D) एकत्रित (जमा) वेल्यू की			
29.	इनपुट	आँकड़ों की किसी अनजान आँकड़ों से तुलना करने की प्रक्रिया कहलाती है :	1		
	(A)	आँकड़ा एकत्रीकरण			
	(B)	आँकड़ा प्रवेश			
	(C)	आँकड़ा वैधीकरण			
	(D)	आँकड़ों को फिल्टर करना			
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PART B

OPTION – II

(Computerised Accounting)

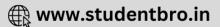
27.	'Data	a, people, and software are five pillars of a	
	Com	puterised Accounting System (CAS)'.	
	Whic	ch of the pillars of CAS are missing from the statement ? 1	
	(A)	Procedures and Hardware (B) Printer and CPU	
	(C)	Mouse and Desktop (D) Information and Accounts	
28.	(i)	'Sales and Accounts Receivable Sub-system' of Accounting	
		Information System deals with which of the following ? 1	
		(A) Receipt and payment of cash sub-system	
		(B) Recording and maintaining the sales ledger and receivables	
		(C) Ascertaining cost of goods produced	
		(D) Purchase and payment to creditors	
		OR	
	(ii)	A Null value is a special value which represents : 1	
		(A) Single value data item	
		(B) Item with many values	
		(C) Absence of data items	
		(D) Stored value	
29.	The _j	process of comparing input data with some unknown data is called : 1	
	(A)	Data storage	
	(B)	Data entry	
	(C)	Data validation	
	(D)	Data filter	
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30. (i) निम्नलिखित में से चार्ट के एक घटक के रूप में 'डेटा लेबल' को पहचानिए : 1

- (A) एक लेजेंड का चार्ट पर विस्तृत विवरण एवं स्थिति बताता है।
- (B) चार्ट पर आलेखित व्यक्तिगत मूल्य की ओर संकेत करता है।
- (C) चार्ट के नीचे आँकड़ा वेल्यू और श्रेणियों का विस्तृत विवरण देता है।
- (D) चार्ट के लिए एक वर्णनात्मक प्रारूप है।

अथवा

- (ii) एक तार्किक कार्य में कितने तार्किक मूल्यों को प्रविष्ट किया जा सकता है ?
 - (A) 525
 - (B) 552
 - (C) 255
 - (D) 15

31. एक चार्ट का उपयोग करने के लाभों को समझाइए।

32. एक उदाहरण की सहायता से 'अनुक्रमिक कोड' तथा 'ब्लॉक कोड' को समझाइए ।

33. (क) लेखांकन चक्र से क्या अभिप्राय है ? इसके आधारभूत चरणों की सूची बनाइए ।

अथवा

- (ख) 'डेटा फॉर्मेटिंग' क्या है ? एक दिए गए डेटा को फॉर्मेट करने के लिए किन साधनों का प्रयोग किया जाता है ?
- 34. एक दी गई स्प्रैडशीट पर डायलॉग बॉक्स तथा फॉर्मूला टैब का प्रयोग करते हुए 'इफ' (If) कार्य का सृजन करने के चरणों को लिखिए जहाँ कुल आय घटा व्यय यदि ₹ 10,000 से अधिक है, तो 10% बचत और यदि आय ₹ 10,000 से कम है, तो 5% बचत । परिणाम के वाक्य-विन्यास को भी लिखिए ।

6

1

 \mathcal{B}

 $\boldsymbol{3}$

4

4

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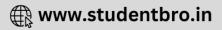


30.	(i)	Fron	n the following, identify a 'Data label' as a chart element :	1
		(A)	Details and positions a legend on the chart.	
		(B)	Indicates the individual value plotted on the chart.	
		(C)	Details the data value and categories below the chart.	
		(D)	Is a descriptive text for the chart.	
			OR	
	(ii)	How	many logical values can be entered into a logical function ?	1
		(A)	525	
		(B)	552	
		(C)	255	
		(D)	15	
31.	Expl	ain the	e advantages of using a chart.	3
32.	Expl	ain 'Se	quential Codes' and 'Block Codes' with the help of an example.	3
33.	(a)	Wha	t is meant by Accounting Cycle ? List its basic phases.	4
			OR	
	(b)	Wha	t is 'data formatting' ? What tools are used to format a given	
		data	?	4
34.	Writ	e the s	teps to create 'If' function using formula tab and dialogue box	
	on a	given	spreadsheet where the total income less expenses if greater	
	than	₹ 10,	000 then 10% savings and if income is less than ₹ 10,000 then	
	$5\%~{ m s}$	avings	. Also write the syntax of the result.	6

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		Marking Scheme	
		Strictly Confidential	
		(For Internal and Restricted use	e only)
		Senior School Certificate Examinat	ion, 2024
		ACCOUNTANCY (055)	
		PAPER CODE: 67/2/1	
Ger	neral Instructions: -		
1	candidates. A small mist the candidates, education	ake in evaluation may lead to serious p	the actual and correct assessment of the problems which may affect the future of woid mistakes, it is requested that before luation guidelines carefully.
2	examinations conducte manner could lead to d millions of candidates.	erailment of the examination system	r aspects. Its' leakage to public in any a and affect the life and future of rone, publishing in any magazine and
3	according to one's own adhered to and religious information or knowle	as per instructions provided in the Ma interpretation or any other consideration by followed. However, while evaluation dge and/or are innovative, they may ks be awarded to them.	on. Marking Scheme should be strictly ng, answers which are based on latest
4	Guidelines only and do	rries only suggested value points for th not constitute the complete answer. Th pression is correct, the due marks shou	e students can have their own
5	first day, to ensure that e Scheme. If there is any v remaining answer books	st go through the first five answer book evaluation has been carried out as per the variation, the same should be zero after meant for evaluation shall be given or he marking of individual evaluators.	he instructions given in the Marking deliberation and discussion. The
6	Evaluators will not put r) wherever answer is correct. For wron ight (✓) while evaluating which gives ed. This is most common mistake wh	an impression that answer is correct
7		lease award marks on the right-hand si estion should then be totalled up and w ollowed strictly.	_
8	If a question does not ha	ve any parts, marks must be awarded i	n the left-hand margin and encircled.
BSE	_MS (2023-24)	67/2/1	Page 1 of 23





DCL	MS (2023-24) 67/2/1 Page 2 of 23
18	The candidates are entitled to obtain photocopy of the Answer Book on request on payment of the prescribed processing fee. All Examiners/Additional Head Examiners/Head Examiners are once again reminded that they must ensure that evaluation is carried out strictly as per value points for each answer as given in the Marking Scheme.
17	Every Examiner shall also ensure that all the answers are evaluated, marks carried over to the title page, correctly totalled and written in figures and words.
16	The Examiners should acquaint themselves with the guidelines given in the "Guidelines for spot Evaluation" before starting the actual evaluation.
15	Any unassessed portion, non-carrying over of marks to the title page, or totalling error detected by the candidate shall damage the prestige of all the personnel engaged in the evaluation work as also of the Board. Hence, in order to uphold the prestige of all concerned, it is again reiterated that the instructions be followed meticulously and judiciously.
14	While evaluating the answer books if the answer is found to be totally incorrect, it should be marked as cross (X) and awarded zero (0) Marks.
	 Wrong transfer of marks from the inside pages of the answer book to the title page. Wrong question wise totalling on the title page. Wrong totalling of marks of the two columns on the title page. Wrong grand total. Marks in words and figures not tallying/not same. Wrong transfer of marks from the answer book to online award list. Answers marked as correct, but marks not awarded. (Ensure that the right tick mark is correctly and clearly indicated. It should merely be a line. Same is with the X for incorrect answer.) Half or a part of answer marked correct and the rest as wrong, but no marks awarded.
	 Leaving answer or part thereof unassessed in an answer book. Giving more marks for an answer than assigned to it. Wrong totalling of marks awarded on an answer.
13	Ensure that you do not make the following common types of errors committed by the Examiner in the past: -
12	Every examiner has to necessarily do evaluation work for full working hours i.e., 8 hours every day and evaluate 20 answer books per day in main subjects and 25 answer books per day in other subjects (Details are given in Spot Guidelines).
11	A full scale of 80 marks as given in the question paper has to be used. Please do not hesitate to award full marks if the answer deserves it.
10	No marks to be deducted for the cumulative effect of an error. It should be penalized only once.
9	If a student has attempted an extra question, answer to the question deserving more marks should be retained and the other answer scored out with a note "Extra Question" .
	This may also be followed strictly.



MARKING SCHEME

Senior Secondary School Examination 2024

ACCOUNTANCY (Subject Code-055)

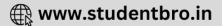
[Paper Code: 67/2/1]

Maximum Marks: 80

PART -A (ACCOUNTING FOR PARTNERSHIP FIRMS AND COMPANIES)

Q. No.	EXPECTED ANSWER / VALUE POINTS	Marks
1	Q. (i) If a share of ₹100 on which	
	Ans. (B) ₹30	1 mark
	OR	
	Q. (ii) If a share of ₹10 issued at a	1 mark
	Ans. (D) ₹6	1 mark
2	Q. Which of the following items	
	Ans. (A) Drawings	1 mark
3	Q. Ashu and Basu are partners	
	Ans. (A) 13:5:6	1 mark
4	Q. (i) On 1 st January 2023, Abhishek	
	Ans. (B) ₹4,500	1 mark
	OR	OR
	Q.(ii) If a partner withdraws a fixed	
	Ans. (D) 4 ¹ / ₂	1 mark
5	Q. (i) Bhim, Arjun and Nakul were	
	Ans. (B) Gain 1/30	1 mark
	OR	OR
	Q.(ii) Neeru and Meetu are partners	
	Ans. (D) Neeru ₹10,000; Meetu ₹7,500	1 mark
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6	Q. At the time of dissolution of a firm	
	Ans. (D) Profit ₹1,12,000	1 mark
7	Q. On 1 st April 2022, Mega Ltd. issued	
	Ans. (B) ₹3,00,000	1 mark
8	Q. (i) Kishore and Bimal are partners	
	Ans. (C) 11:3	1 mark
	OR	OR
	Q. (ii) Raju, Sohan and Tina are partners	
	Ans. (A) ₹8,000	1 mark
9	Q. Assertion(A): The court does not intervene	
	Ans . (A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct, and Reason (R) is correct	
	explanation of Assertion (A)	1 mark
10	Q. Maharaja Ltd. took over assets	
	Ans. (D) 14,000	1 mark
11	Q. Misha Ltd. issued 6,000	1 mark
	Ans. (C) ₹6,00,000	1 mai K
12	Q. (i) Nominal/ Authorized share capital	
	Ans. (C) the maximum amount of share capital which a company is authorised to issue.	1 mark
	OR	OR
	Q. (ii) The debentures which do not	
	Ans. (B) Unsecured Debentures	1 mark
13	Q. Manas and Ranvir are partners	
	Ans. (B) ₹2,00,000	1 mark
	Read the following hypothetical situation	
14	Q. Interest on capital payable to	1 1
	Ans. (C) ₹57,000	1 mark
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15	Q. The Ans. (A		nt of interest on drawi	ngs	•••••			1 mark
16	Ans. (A	A) Both	A): In a partnership fi Assertion (A) and Reas Assertion (A)	*			rect	1 mark
17	Ans.		, Charu and Sirima w amount of cash to be	-				1
			New capital 000 in new ratio 2:1) adjusted capital	Charu 2/3 X 6,30,000 = ₹4,20,000 ₹4,35,000 Paid ₹15,000		Sirima 1/3 X 6,30,0 = ₹2,10,00 ₹1,89,000 Brought ₹21,)	
		Date	Books of Particu	Prateek, Charu an Journal	d Sirin	na Dr. Amount	Cr. Amount	
	2023		Cash A/c To Sirima's Capita (Cash brought in by S retirement of Prateek)	Dr. al A/c Sirima on	L.F	<i>Dr. Amount</i> ₹ 21,000	<i>₹</i> 21,000	1
	2023 Marc	3 ch 31	Charu's Capital A/c To Cash A/c (Cash paid to Charu c Prateek)	Dr. on retirement of		15,000	15,000	1
			1	OR	1			=3 marks OR
								UK

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	Journal			
Date	Particulars	L.F	Dr.Amount ₹	Cr.Amount ₹
2023 March 31	 (i) Profit & Loss A/c Dr To Profit & Loss Appropriation A/c (Net profit transferred to Profit & Loss Appropriation Account) 		1,20,000	1,20,000
2023 March 31	 (ii) Profit & Loss Appropriation A/c Dr To Chaman's Capital A/c To Burman's Capital A/c To Aman's Capital A/c (Distribution of profit among partners in the ratio of 3:2:1) 		1,20,000	60,000 40,000 20,000
2023 March 31	(iii) Chaman's Capital A/c Dr Burman's Capital A/c Dr To Aman's Capital A/c (Deficiency of Aman, met by Chaman and Burman in the ratio of 3:2)		24,000 16,000	40,000
	Alternate combined entry for (ii) & (iii)Profit & Loss Appropriation A/cDrTo Chaman's Capital A/cTo Burman's Capital A/cTo Aman's Capital A/c(Distribution of profit among partnersafter adjustment for guarantee)		1,20,000	36,000 24,000 60,000

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	Books of Anu, Manu, Sonu	and R	ohan		
	Journal				
Date	Particulars	L.F	Dr. Amount ₹	Cr. Amount ₹	
2023 April 1	General Reserve A/c Dr To Anu's Capital A/c To Manu's Capital A/c To Sonu's Capital A/c To Rohan's Capital A/c (Distribution of General Reserve in old profit-sharing ratio)		90,000	15,000 30,000 15,000 30,000	1
2023 April 1	Anu's Capital A/cDrManu's Capital A/cDrTo Sonu's Capital A/cTo Rohan's Capital A/c(Adjustment for Goodwill on accountof change in profit sharing ratio)		15,000 30,000	30,000 15,000	1
Gaining Sha Anu $= 2/1$ Manu $= 4/1$ Sonu $= 1/1$	<i>of gain/ sacrifice</i> re= New share- Old share .0- 1/6 = 1/30 (Gain) 0- 2/6 = 2/30 (Gain) 0- 1/6 = -2/30 (Sacrifice) 0- 2/6 = -1/30 (Sacrifice)				1
					=3 m
	Ltd. purchased assets				
Ans.	Books of Priti Lta	4			
	Journal	<i>t</i> •			
Date	Particulars	L.F	TDr. Amount ₹	Cr. Amount ₹	
	(i)Sundry Assets A/cDGoodwill A/cDTo Sundry Liabilities A/cDTo Payal Ltd.(Assets acquired and liabilities taken over	r.	5,40,000 1,08,000		1



	(ii) Payal Ltd. Dr. To Bank A/c To 10% Debentures A/c		5,28,000	2,64,000 2,40,000	
	To Securities Premium A/c (Amount of purchase consideration settled through issue of cheque and 2,400, 10% Debentures at a premium of 10%)			24,000	
	Alternatively,				
	 (ii)(a) Payal Ltd. Dr. To Bank A/c (Amount of purchase consideration paid by cheque) 	7	2,64,000	2,64,000	
	 (ii)(b) Payal Ltd. Dr. To 10% Debentures A/c To Securities Premium A/c (Balance amount of purchase consideration settled through issue of 2,400, 10% 		2,64,000	2,40,000 24,000	
	Debentures at a premium of 10%)				=3
), (h) D	OR natu Ltd. invited applications				
Q. (b) Dl Ans.	hatu Ltd. invited applications Books of Dhatu Lta				
	hatu Ltd. invited applications		Dr. Amount ₹	Cr. Amount ₹	
Ans.	hatu Ltd. invited applications Books of Dhatu Lta Journal	l.			
Ans.	hatu Ltd. invited applications Books of Dhatu Ltd Journal Particulars (i) Bank A/c Dr. To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c (Receipt of application money on 5000, 11% Debentures of ₹100 each issued at a premium of	l.	₹	₹	

5,28,000

Dr.

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(ii) Payal Ltd.



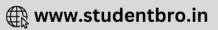


Alternatively,					
 (ii) (a) Debenture Application and To Bank A/c (Refund of excess application) 		/c Dr. 1,5	50,000	1,50,000	
 (ii) (b) Debenture Application and To 11% Debentures A/c To Securities Premium A (Transfer of Debenture app 	/c		00,000	4,00,000 2,00,000	
 Q. On 1 st April 2023, a partnershi	p				=3 marks
Ans. Goodwill = No. of years' purc					
₹60,000 = 4 X Super Profits	Ĩ				
Super Profits = ₹15,000		(1)			
Capital Employed= Total Assets- O	utside Liabi				
=₹2,00,000- Nil	=₹2,00,000				
Normal Profit =10% of ₹2,00,000 =	₹20,000	(1)			
Super Profit = Average Profit- Nor	mal Profit				
₹15,000 = Average profit- ₹20	,000				
Average Profit= ₹35,000		(1)			
-					
		()			=3 marks
Q. Aditi, Renu and Varsha were J	partners				=3 marks
 Q. Aditi, Renu and Varsha were J Ans.	partners				=3 marks
Ans.					=3 marks
Ans.	s of Aditi, R			Cr.	=3 marks
Ans. Books	s of Aditi, R	enu and Varsha		Cr. Amount ₹	=3 marks
Ans. Books	s of Aditi, R Varshas Amount	enu and Varsha s's Capital A/c	(1/2)	Amount	=3 marks
Ans. Books Dr. Particulars	s of Aditi, R Varshas Amount ₹	enu and Varsha s's Capital A/c Particulars		Amount ₹	=3 marks
Ans. Books Dr. Particulars	s of Aditi, R Varshas Amount ₹	enu and Varsha s's Capital A/c Particulars By Balance b/d		Amount ₹ 3,00,000	=3 mark
Ans. Books Dr. Particulars	s of Aditi, R Varshas Amount ₹	enu and Varsha s's Capital A/c Particulars By Balance b/d By General Reserve A/	c (1/2)	Amount ₹ 3,00,000 50,000	=3 mark
Ans. Books Dr. Particulars	s of Aditi, R Varshas Amount ₹	enu and Varsha S's Capital A/c Particulars By Balance b/d By General Reserve A/ By Aditi's Capital A/c	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 $	Amount ₹ 3,00,000 50,000 81,000	=3 marks
Ans. Books Dr. Particulars	s of Aditi, R Varshas Amount ₹	enu and Varsha S's Capital A/c Particulars By Balance b/d By General Reserve A/ By Aditi's Capital A/c By Renu's Capital A/c	C (1/2) (1/2) (1/2) A/c (1/2) ense A/c	Amount ₹ 3,00,000 50,000 81,000 54,000	=3 marks
Ans. Books Dr. Particulars	s of Aditi, R Varshas Amount ₹ 6,41,000	enu and Varsha S's Capital A/c Particulars By Balance b/d By General Reserve A/ By Aditi's Capital A/c By Renu's Capital A/c By Interest on Capital A/c	$\begin{array}{c} 1c & (1/2) \\ (1/2) \\ (1/2) \\ (1/2) \\ A/c & (1/2) \end{array}$	Amount ₹ 3,00,000 50,000 81,000 54,000 6,000 1,50,000	=3 marks
Ans. Books Dr. To Varsha's Executor's A/c (¹ / ₂)	s of Aditi, R Varshas Amount ₹	enu and Varsha S's Capital A/c Particulars By Balance b/d By General Reserve A/ By Aditi's Capital A/c By Renu's Capital A/c By Interest on Capital A/c	C (1/2) (1/2) (1/2) A/c (1/2) ense A/c	Amount ₹ 3,00,000 50,000 81,000 54,000 6,000	=3 marks
Ans. Books Dr. To Varsha's Executor's A/c (1/2) Working Notes:	s of Aditi, R Varshas Amount ₹ 6,41,000	enu and Varsha S's Capital A/c Particulars By Balance b/d By General Reserve A/ By Aditi's Capital A/c By Renu's Capital A/c By Interest on Capital A/c	C (1/2) (1/2) (1/2) A/c (1/2) ense A/c	Amount ₹ 3,00,000 50,000 81,000 54,000 6,000 1,50,000	
Ans. Books Dr. Particulars To Varsha's Executor's A/c (¹ / ₂) Working Notes: 1. Calculation of Goodwill	s of Aditi, R Varshas Amount ₹ 6,41,000 6,41,000	enu and Varsha S's Capital A/c Particulars By Balance b/d By General Reserve A/ By Aditi's Capital A/c By Renu's Capital A/c By Interest on Capital A/c	C (1/2) (1/2) (1/2) A/c (1/2) ense A/c	Amount ₹ 3,00,000 50,000 81,000 54,000 6,000 1,50,000	
Ans. Books Dr. To Varsha's Executor's A/c (1/2) Working Notes:	s of Aditi, R Varshas Amount ₹ 6,41,000 6,41,000	enu and Varsha S's Capital A/c Particulars By Balance b/d By General Reserve A/ By Aditi's Capital A/c By Renu's Capital A/c By Interest on Capital A By Profit & Loss Susp	C (1/2) (1/2) (1/2) A/c (1/2) ense A/c	Amount ₹ 3,00,000 50,000 81,000 54,000 6,000 1,50,000	



Profit= 12,00,000/ 60,00,000 x 15,00,000=₹ 3,00 Varsha's share of Profit= 3,00,000 x 5/10= ₹1,50	-			
Note: No marks to be awarded for the working	notes.			
Q. RR Ltd. was registered with				
Ans.	•••••			
RR L	td.			
Balance Sheet as at _	(An E	xtract)		
Particulars		Note	Amount (₹)	
		no.		
Equity and Liabilities				
1. Shareholders' Funds				
(a) Share Capital		1	3,90,000	
Particulars			Amount (₹)	
Particulars			Amount (₹)	
Particulars1. Share Capital:			Amount (₹)	
1. Share Capital:			Amount (₹)	
			<i>Amount</i> (₹) 8,00,000	
 Share Capital: <u>Authorised Capital</u> 80,000 Equity shares of ₹10 each 				
 Share Capital: <u>Authorised Capital</u> 80,000 Equity shares of ₹10 each <u>Issued Capital</u> 			8,00,000	
 Share Capital: <u>Authorised Capital</u> 80,000 Equity shares of ₹10 each 				
 Share Capital: <u>Authorised Capital</u> 80,000 Equity shares of ₹10 each <u>Issued Capital</u> 			8,00,000	
 Share Capital: <u>Authorised Capital</u> 80,000 Equity shares of ₹10 each <u>Issued Capital</u> 40,000 Equity shares of ₹10 each <u>Subscribed Capital</u> Subscribed and fully paid up 			8,00,000	
 Share Capital: <u>Authorised Capital</u> 80,000 Equity shares of ₹10 each <u>Issued Capital</u> 40,000 Equity shares of ₹10 each <u>Subscribed Capital</u> Subscribed and fully paid up 38,000 Equity shares of 10 each 			8,00,000	
 Share Capital: <u>Authorised Capital</u> 80,000 Equity shares of ₹10 each <u>Issued Capital</u> 40,000 Equity shares of ₹10 each <u>Subscribed Capital</u> Subscribed and fully paid up 38,000 Equity shares of 10 each Subscribed but not fully paid up 	ed un	20.000	8,00,000	
 Share Capital: <u>Authorised Capital</u> 80,000 Equity shares of ₹10 each <u>Issued Capital</u> 40,000 Equity shares of ₹10 each <u>Subscribed Capital</u> Subscribed and fully paid up 38,000 Equity shares of 10 each Subscribed but not fully paid up 2,000 Equity shares of 10 each, fully called 	ed up	20,000 (10,000)	8,00,000 4,00,000 3,80,000	
 Share Capital: <u>Authorised Capital</u> 80,000 Equity shares of ₹10 each <u>Issued Capital</u> 40,000 Equity shares of ₹10 each <u>Subscribed Capital</u> Subscribed and fully paid up 38,000 Equity shares of 10 each Subscribed but not fully paid up 	ed up	20,000 (<u>10,000)</u>	8,00,000	
 Share Capital: <u>Authorised Capital</u> 80,000 Equity shares of ₹10 each <u>Issued Capital</u> 40,000 Equity shares of ₹10 each <u>Subscribed Capital</u> Subscribed and fully paid up 38,000 Equity shares of 10 each Subscribed but not fully paid up 2,000 Equity shares of 10 each, fully called 	ed up		8,00,000 4,00,000 3,80,000	

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	Books of Kajal Lta	l.		
	Journal			
Date	Particulars	L.F	Dr. Amount ₹	Cr. Amount ₹
	Bank A/cDr.To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c(Receipt of application money on 30,000, 11%Debentures of ₹100 each at a discount of 10%)		27,00,000	27,00,000
	Debenture Application and Allotment A/cDr.Loss on issue of Debentures A/cDr.To 11% Debentures A/cTo Premium on redemption of Debentures A/cTo Premium on redemption of Debentures A/c(Transfer of Debenture application money and provision for premium on redemption of Debentures made)		27,00,000 4,50,000	30,00,000 1,50,000
	Alternatively,Debenture Application and Allotment A/cDr.Discount on issue of Debentures A/cDr.Loss on issue of Debentures A/cDr.To 11% Debentures A/cToTo Premium on redemption of Debentures A/c(Transfer of debenture application money andprovision for premium on redemption ofDebentures made)		27,00,000 3,00,000 1,50,000	30,00,000 1,50,000
	Books of Ninja Lta Journal	ł.		
Date	Particulars	L.F	Dr. Amount	Cr. Amount
	Poply A/a		₹	₹
	Bank A/cDr.To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c(Receipt of application money on 32,000, 8%Debentures of ₹100 each at a premium of ₹20 perDebenture)		38,40,000	38,40,000





		Delegation Anglicedian and allegation A/a De		29,40,000		
		Debenture Application and allotment A/cDr.Loss on issue of Debentures A/cDr.		38,40,000 3,20,000		
		To 8% Debentures A/c DI.		3,20,000	32,00,000	1
		To Securities Premium A/c			6,40,000	1
		To Premium on redemption of Debentures A/c			3,20,000	
		(Transfer of Debenture application money and			3,20,000	
		provision for premium on redemption of				
		Debentures made)				
		Debendures made)				
iii)		Books of Him Ltd	•			
Í		Journal	-			
	Date	Particulars	L.F	Dr. Amount ₹	Cr. Amount ₹	
		Bank A/c Dr.		40,00,000		
		To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c			40,00,000	
		(Receipt of application money on 40,000, 13%				1
		Debentures of ₹100 each)				
		Debenture Application and Allotment A/c Dr.	-	40,00,000		
		Loss on issue of Debentures A/c Dr.		4,00,000		
		To 13% Debentures A/c			40,00,000	1
		To Premium on redemption of Debentures A/c			4,00,000	
		(Transfer of debenture application money and				
		provision for premium on redemption of				
		Debentures made)				
						=6 mar
4 (Q. Nand	lu, Bandu and Chandu were partners	•••••	•••••		
	Q. Nanc Ans.					
		Books of Nandu, Bandu an				
	Ans.	Books of Nandu, Bandu an Journal	d Cha	ndu		
		Books of Nandu, Bandu an			Cr. Amount ₹	
	Ans.	Books of Nandu, Bandu an Journal	d Cha	ndu Dr. Amount		
	Ans.	Books of Nandu, Bandu an Journal Particulars	d Cha	ndu Dr. Amount ₹		
	Ans.	Books of Nandu, Bandu an Journal Particulars (i) Nandu's Capital A/c Dr.	d Cha	ndu Dr. Amount ₹	₹	
	Ans.	Books of Nandu, Bandu an Journal Particulars (i) Nandu's Capital A/c Dr. To Realisation A/c	d Cha	ndu Dr. Amount ₹	₹	
	Ans.	Books of Nandu, Bandu an Journal Journal Particulars (i) Nandu's Capital A/c Dr. To Realisation A/c Dr. (Stock taken over by Nandu at 30% Dr.	d Cha	ndu Dr. Amount ₹	₹	
	Ans.	Books of Nandu, Bandu an Journal Journal Particulars (i) Nandu's Capital A/c Dr. To Realisation A/c Dr. (Stock taken over by Nandu at 30% discount)	d Cha	ndu Dr. Amount ₹ 98,000	₹	
	Ans.	Books of Nandu, Bandu an Journal Journal Particulars (i) Nandu's Capital A/c Dr. To Realisation A/c Dr. (Stock taken over by Nandu at 30% discount) Dr. (ii) Realisation A/c Dr.	d Cha	ndu Dr. Amount ₹ 98,000	₹ 98,000	
	Ans.	Books of Nandu, Bandu an Journal Journal Particulars (i) Nandu's Capital A/c Dr. To Realisation A/c Dr. (Stock taken over by Nandu at 30% discount) (ii) Realisation A/c Dr. To Bank A/c Dr.	d Cha	ndu Dr. Amount ₹ 98,000	₹ 98,000	
	Ans.	Books of Nandu, Bandu an Journal Journal Particulars (i) Nandu's Capital A/c Dr. To Realisation A/c Dr. (Stock taken over by Nandu at 30% discount) Dr. (ii) Realisation A/c Dr. To Bank A/c Dr. (Creditors paid by cheque) Dr.	d Cha	ndu Dr. Amount ₹ 98,000 36,000	₹ 98,000	
	Ans.	Books of Nandu, Bandu an Journal Journal Particulars (i) Nandu's Capital A/c Dr. To Realisation A/c Dr. (Stock taken over by Nandu at 30% discount) (ii) Realisation A/c Dr. To Bank A/c Dr. (Creditors paid by cheque) Dr. (iii) Cash/Bank A/c Dr.	d Cha	ndu Dr. Amount ₹ 98,000 36,000	₹ 98,000 36,000	



	iv) Chandu's To Bank Chandu's loar	A/c	gh cheque	Dr. e)	1,00,00		,00,000	
(v) Cash/Bank To Reali Bad Debts pre ecovered)	sation A/c	itten off	Dr.	24,00	00	24,000	
	vi) Realisation To Band Remuneration arrying out di	u's Capital allowed to	Bandu fo	Dr. or	26,00	00	26,000	1x6 =6 mark
Q.(a) Sanj	u and Manju	were parti	ners in a f	firm	•••••			
Ans.								
Dr.			Revaluat	ion A/c			Cr.	
Particul	ars		Amoun	nt Particulars	1		Amount	
TE	iture A/c	(1/2)	₹ 6,00	00 By Investm		(1/2)	₹ 12,000	
To Profi	t transferred to		6,00	Ĵ		(12)	12,000	1 1/2
			12,00	00			12,000	
				·				
Dr. Particular	e Carata	Maria		Capital A/c Particulars	S	Maria	Cr.	
ranicular	s Sanju ₹	Manju ₹	Uday ₹	Turneulars	Sanju ₹	Manju ₹	Uday ₹	
To Plant & Machinery To Balance c		32,000 1,10,400	- 78,667	By Balance b/d (4/2 By Cash A/c (1) By Premium for Goodwill A/c (1 By Revaluation) -	1,20,000 - 4,000) - 78,667	
				A/c (¹ / ₂ By General Reserv		2,400) -	
				A/c (1/2) 24,000	16,000		4 ½
	1,73,600	1,42,400	78,667		1,73,600	1,42,400	0 78,667	
Combined	of Uday's Ca	u and Man		500+ 1,10,400= /4 = ₹78,667	₹2,36,000			=6 marl
Note: No n	arks to be aw	varded for t	he workin	ng notes.				
1000.110 1				5 1101001				



Ans.											
Dr.				Revalua	tion A					Cr.	
Pa	rticular	S		ount		Part	icular	`S	An	nount	
	6 1	1.01		₹	D G		/			₹	
To Provision	n for dou			10,000	•	editors A		(1/2	-	4,000	
debts A/c To Fixed As	sots A/a	$(\frac{1}{2})$ $(\frac{1}{2})$		5,000	-	l Accour		o Partners			
TO FIXed As	SCIS A/C	(72)		5,000	Ravi	I Accour	115.	(½) 5,50			
					Tanu			3,30			
					Sara			<u>2,200</u>		11,000	
				15,000					_	15,000	
Dr.			Par	tners' C	Capital	A/c				Cr.	
Particula	irs	Ravi	Tanu	Sara		Particular	s	Ravi	Tanu	Sara	
		₹	₹	₹				₹	₹	₹	
To Revaluation To Ravi's Capit		5,500	3,300	2,200) By Ba By Ta	alance b/d	(1/2)	80,000	1,24,000	66,000	
10 multi 5 cupi	(1/2)	-	16,000	64,000	-			16,000	-	-	
To Ravi's Loan		2,39,500	-	-	By Sa		(1/2)	64.000			
To Balance c/d	(1/2)	-	1,55,700	33,800		al A/c J ofit & Los:	s A/c	64,000 85,000	- 51,000	- 34,000	
					2911	0111 00 200	(1/2)		01,000	2 1,000	
		2,45,000	1,75,000	1,00,000)			2,45,000	1,75,000	1,00,000	
Working Not	es:							-			=6 n
Gaining Shar		v share - C	Old share	;							
Tanu		- 3/10 = 1									
				·							
Sara		2/10 = 4	,	n)							
Gaining ratio	of Tan	u & Sara	= 1: 4								
Note: No ma	rks to b	e awarde	d for the	workin	g notes	s.					
					8						
Q.(a) Pass no	ecessar	y journa	l entries.		•••••		••				
Ans.											
(i)			Ŀ	Books of		.td.					
				Jou	ırnal		-				
Date		Par	rticulars			L.F	Dr.	Amount ₹	Cr. A	mount ₹	
S	hare Ca	pital A/c			Dr.			6,40,000)		
		s Premiu			Dr.			80,000			
		Share Fo		A/c				,		,60,000	
		Calls in a								5,60,000	
			eited for		ment					, , ,	
(8	,000 51			1.07	-	1					1
		ent and 1		oney)							



Alternatively,				
Share Capital	A/c	Dr.	6,40,000	
Securities Pre		Dr.	80,000	
To Share	Forfeiture A/c			1,60,000
To Share	Allotment A/c			3,20,000
To Share	First Call A/c			2,40,000
(8,000 shares	forfeited for non	-payment		
of allotment a	nd 1 st call mone	y)		
Bank A/c		Dr.	4,20,000	
Share Forfeitu	re A/c	Dr.	60,000	
To Share	e capital A/c			4,80,000
	reissued @ ₹70,	₹80 paid		
up)	_			
Share Forfeitu	re A/c	Dr.	60,000	
To Capi	al Reserve A/c			60,000
(Gain on reiss	ue of 6,000 shar	es		
	capital reserve)			

(*ii*)

Books of Premier Ltd.

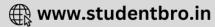
Date	Particulars	L.F	Dr. Amount ₹	Cr. Amount ₹
	Share Capital A/cDr.To Share Forfeiture A/cTo Calls in arrears A/c(3,000 shares forfeited for non-paymentof 1 st call money)		24,000	15,000 9,000
	Alternatively, Share Capital A/c Dr. To Share Forfeiture A/c To Share First Call A/c (3,000 shares forfeited for non-payment of 1 st call money)		24,000	15,000 9,000
	Bank A/cDr.To Share Capital A/cTo Securities Premium A/c(2,000 shares reissued for ₹12 per share,₹8 paid up)		24,000	16,000 8,000

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	To Capital Reserve A/c (Gain on reissue of 2,000 shares			10,000	=6
	transferred to capital reserve)				
Q.(b) Z	Zee ltd. invited applications	•••••	••		
Ans.	Books of Zee 1	Ltd.			
	Journal				
Date	Particulars	L.F	Dr. Amount ₹	Cr. Amount ₹	
	Bank A/c Dr. To Share Application A/c (Application money received on 60,000 shares)		2,40,000	2,40,000	
	Share Application A/cDr.To Share Capital A/cTo Share Allotment A/cTo Bank A/cTo Bank A/c	-	2,40,000	1,60,000 32,000 48,000	
	(Application money transferred to share capital A/c, excess money received adjusted towards allotment and refunded)				
	Share Allotment A/cDr.To Share Capital A/cTo Securities Premium A/c(Amount due on allotment)		2,00,000	1,20,000 80,000	
	Bank A/cDr.Calls in arrears A/cDr.To Share Allotment A/c(Allotment money received, except on 1,000 shares)	-	1,63,800 4,200	1,68,000	
	Alternatively,				
	Bank A/c Dr. To Share Allotment A/c (Allotment money received, except on 1,000 shares)		1,63,800	1,63,800	
	Share Capital A/cDr.Securities Premium A/cDr.To Share Forfeiture A/cDr.To Calls in Arrears A/c(1,000 shares forfeited for non-payment of allotment money)		7,000 2,000	4,800 4,200	

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	Alternatively,			
	Share Capital A/cDr.Securities Premium A/cDr.To Share Forfeiture A/cTo Share Allotment A/c(1,000 shares forfeited for non-payment of allotment money)	7,000 2,000	4,800 4,200	
	Share First Call A/cDr.To Share Capital A/c(Amount due on First call on 39,000 shares)	78,000	78,000	1
	Bank A/c Dr. To Share First Call A/c (First call money received, except on 1,000 shares)	78,000	78,000	1/2
				=6 marks
	OPTION-I (ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL ST	TATEMENTS)		
7		TATEMENTS)		1 mark
7	(ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL ST Q.(i) Which of the following	TATEMENTS)		1 mark OR
7	(ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL ST Q.(i) Which of the following Ans. (C) To consider the impact of price level changes.	YATEMENTS)		
7	(ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL ST Q.(i) Which of the following Ans. (C) To consider the impact of price level changes. OR Q.(ii)is also known as	YATEMENTS)		OR
	(ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL ST Q.(i) Which of the following Ans. (C) To consider the impact of price level changes. OR Q.(ii)is also known asAns. (B) Quick Ratio Q. Current ratio of Super Ltd	·····		OR 1 mark
8	<pre>(ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL ST Q.(i) Which of the following Ans. (C) To consider the impact of price level changes.</pre>	·····		OR 1 mark 1 mark

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30	-	· · ·	shares		1 mark
	Ans. (D)	Cash outflow from in	vesting activities ₹4,70,0	00	1 mark
31	O Classi	fy the following item	s under major		
	Ans.	Ty the following item	is under major	•••••••	
	S.No.	Items	Heads	Sub Heads	
	(i)	Calls in advance	Current Liabilities	Other Current Liabilities	
	(ii)	Mining rights	Non-Current Assets	Fixed Assets /	
				Property, Plant & Equipment &	
				Intangible Assets- Intangible Assets	
	(iii)	Loose tools	Current Assets	Inventories	¹ /2 X6
					= 3 marks
32	Ans. Quick Rat Current L Quick Ast Current A Quick Ast	tio= Quick Assets / C iabilities = Total Deb = ₹8,00,000 = ₹2,00,000 sets = Current Assets assets = Working Cap = ₹2,40,000 + ₹ = ₹4,40,000 sets = ₹4,40,000 - ₹2, = ₹2,20,000	- ₹6,00,000 - Inventory ital + Current Liabilities 2,00,000		
	Debt= Lo Equity= S	ng term Debt = ₹6,00 Shareholder's Funds = ity Ratio = 6,00,000 /	= ₹12,00,000		=3 marks

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Comparative Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 st March 2023								
Particulars	Note No.	2021-22 ₹	2022-23 ₹	Absolute Increase/ Decrease ₹	Percentage Increase/ Decrease %			
I. Revenue from Operations		2,00,000	4,00,000	2,00,000	100			
II. Other Income		40,000	80,000	40,000	100			
III. Total Revenue (I+ II)		2,40,000	4,80,000	2,40,000	100			
IV. Expenses: Employees Benefit Expenses		1,00,000	2,00,000	1,00,000	100			
V. Profit before tax (III- IV)		1,40,000	2,80,000	1,40,000	100			
VI. Less: Tax @ 50%		70,000	1,40,000	70,000	100			
VII. Profit after tax (V- VI)		70,000	1,40,000	70,000	100			

ОК

Q. (b) Prepare a 'Common Size Statement Ans.

Common Size Statement of Profit and Loss of Neurosci Ltd. for the years ended 31st March 2022 & 31st March 2023

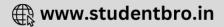
Particulars	Note No.	Absolute a	mounts (₹)		% of Revenue from Operations		
		2021-22	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23		
I. Revenue from Operations		20,00,000	40,00,000	100	100	(1/2)	
II. Expenses:							
Purchase of stock in trade		2,00,000	4,00,000	10	10	(1/2)	
Other expenses		20,000	40,000	1	1	(1/2)	
III. Profit before tax (I- II)		17,80,000	35,60,000	89	89	(1)	
IV. Less: Tax @ 50%		8,90,000	17,80,000	44.5	44.5	(1)	
V. Profit after tax (III- IV)		8,90,000	17,80,000	44.5	44.5	(1/2)	
						=4 mar	

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		nt Ltd. Operating Activities		
	Particulars	operating Activities	Amount ₹	Amount ₹
Net Profit before Tax & I	Extraordinary iten	IS	75,000	
Adjustment for non-cash Add: Depreciation on ma Loss on sale of mac Interest on debentur Goodwill written of	chinery chinery res	g items:	33,000 1,000 8,500 36,000	
Operating Profit before V Less: Decrease in Trade I Increase in Inventor Increase in Trade R	Payables	nanges - (1½)	1,53,500 (12,500) (4,000) (13,500)	
Cash generated from Ope Less: Tax paid	erations	(¹ / ₂) (¹ / ₂)	1,23,500 (38,500)	
Net Cash Inflows from O	perating Activitie	s (¹ /2)		85,000
Calculation of Net Profit be		raordinary items: = 50,000 = <u>25,000</u> = <u>75,000</u>		
Add: Provision for Tax Net Profit before Tax & Ext				
Add: Provision for Tax Net Profit before Tax & Ext <i>Working Notes:</i> Dr.		Depreciation A/c		Cr.
Add: Provision for Tax Net Profit before Tax & Ext <i>Working Notes:</i> Dr. Particulars	₹	Particulars	5	₹
Add: Provision for Tax Net Profit before Tax & Ext Working Notes: Dr.		-		

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	PART-B			
	OPTION-II (COMPUTERIZED ACCOUNTING)			
(COMPUTERIZED ACCOUNTING)				
27	Q. 'Data, people,and	1 mark		
	Ans. (A) Procedures and Hardware	1 IIIai K		
28	Q. (i) 'Sales and Accounts Receivable	1 mark		
	Ans. (B) Recording and maintaining the sales ledger and receivables.	1 IIIai K		
	OR	OR		
	Q. (ii) A Null value is a			
	Ans. (C) Absence of data items	1 mark		
29	Q. The process of comparing	1		
	Ans. (C) Data validation	1 mark		
30	Q. (i) From the following,	1 mark		
	Ans. (C) Details the data value and categories below the chart.	1 mark		
	OR	OR		
	Q. (ii) How many logical values			
	Ans. (C) 255	1 mark		
31	Q. Explain the advantages			
	Ans.			
	Following are the advantages of using a chart:			
	Helps to explore:	1		
	• Helps in exploring the relationships between various variables.			
	• A quick in easier way to find possible relationships than paging through raw data.			
	Helps to present:			
	Quick provision of information.	1		
	• Provides summary of ideas.			
	Helps to convince:	1		
	• Can be used to present and explore different characteristics of data.	1		
	• Large amount of information can be exhibited to persuade decision making.	=3 mark		
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	Sequential codes:	
	Meaning:	1
	Numbers and /or letters are assigned in consecutive order. These codes are applied primarily to source documents such as cheque, invoices etc. This code can facilitate searches. This process enables in either identification of missing codes relating to a particular document, or a relevant document can be traced on the basis of code.	
	For example,	
	A creditor Rohit Ltd can be given a code	
	CL 001-Rohit Ltd.	1/2
	Similarly, for Ms. Raj	
	CL 002- Ms. Raj	
	Block codes:	
	Meaning:	1
	A range of numbers is partitioned into a desired number of sub ranges and each subrange is allotted to a specific group. In most of the uses of block codes, numbers within a subrange follow sequential coding scheme.	
	For example,	
	Codes Dealer type	1/2
	100-199 Small pump	
	200-299 Medium pump	
	300-399 Pipes	
	Or any other suitable example.	=3 mar
5	Q. (a) What is meant by accounting	
	Ans. Meaning: The accounting cycle means the process involved in identifying, measuring, and communicating the accounting information.	1
	The basic phases of this cycle are as follows:	
	Business transactions are analysed.	3
	• The transactions are recorded in Journal.	
	• Journal entries are posted to ledger accounts.	
	• A trial balance is prepared from the balances of accounts.	
	 Accounts are reviewed and necessary adjustments are made. A division protection in the ledger to proper adjusted trial belonge 	
	 Adjustments are posted in the ledger to prepare adjusted trial balance. Adjusted Trial balance is used to prepare the balance sheet and profit and loss account. 	
	 Financial statements are prepared from the finally adjusted ledger and balancing 	=4 marl
	accounts. OR	OR
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	Q. (b) What is 'data formatting'?	
	Ans.	
	Data formatting refers to setting up spreadsheet in such a way that the user of the information can read and understand the information easily and quickly.	1
	Several tools and shortcuts are available to format spreadsheet effectively.	
	Following are the tools to format data:	¹ / ₂ x 6=3
	1. Number formatting:	
	• It includes adding %, decimal places, currency signs, date, time, scientific values etc.	
	• Various number formats are available.	
	1. Special format category- for which one has to select 'Special' from category option.	
	 Changing cell colours Adding text formatting 	
	4. Changing font size	
	5. Changing cell borders	=4 marks
34	Q. Write the steps to create	
	Ans.	
	Following will be the steps to create 'IF' function using formula tab and dialogue box.	5
	1. Select the cell where the saving % is to be shown say F4.	5
	2. Click at the formula tab on the ribbon and click logical option.	
	3. Select 'IF Function' which will provide function arguments dialogue box.	
	4. Type an appropriate condition in the logical _test box.	
	5. In the value_if_true box, type the required value (Here it is 100%) if logical condition test is met.	
	6. In the value_if_false, type the value if logical test condition is not met. (Here it is 5%)	
	7. Click OK, the answer for the condition will be displayed in F\$. Copy the function from	
	F4 cell to rest of F column till you want to calculate.	
	In the formula the syntax will be	
	= If(F4>10000, 10%, 5%)	1
		=6 marks

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